CARNRICK'S
SOLUBLE FOOD
FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.
THE ONLY FOOD that digests as easily as human milk, and agrees with all Infants and Children.
THE ONLY FOOD that thoroughly nourishes the child without the addition of Cow's Milk.
CARNRICK & Co., LIMITED, LONDON.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,292—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1890.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

CUTLER, PALMER'S WHISKIES.
OLD, MATURE, AND EXCELLENT.
Note the names, and try one or other of the brands.
Prices.
Old Vatted Glenlivet and Special Reserve.
"Heart Bottle Whisky"—Scotch ... } Rs. 7
"Napier Johnstone"—Square Bottle ... } Rs. 22-12 per doz. bottles.
"Glentromie" ... ... }
"Cutler, Palmer's Finest Irish" ... ... }
Examine cork, label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Saturday.
† ASSAM	3033	500	W. J. Webber	29th Nov.
B. L. ORIENTAL	5045	1000	E. Stewart	6th Dec.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	13th „
B. L. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	20th „
† ASSAM	3033	500	W. J. Webber	27th „
				1891.
B.L. MIRZAPORE	3913	500	R. Harvey	3rd Jan.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	10th „
B.L. THAMES	4113	600	W. A. Seaton	17th „
† ASSAM	3033	500	W. J. Webber	24th „
B.L. SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	31st „
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	7th Feb.
B.L. PENINSULAR	5045	1000	A. C. Loggin	14th „
† ASSAM	3033	500	W. J. Webber	21st „
B.L. GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton	28th „
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	7th Mar.
B.L. PESHAWAR	2927	600	W. A. Wheler	14th „
† ASSAM	3033	500	W. J. Webber	21st „
B.L. BENGAL	4199	800	A. B. Daniell	28th „
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	4th Apr.
B.L. ROSETTA	3525	700	E. Crewe	11th „
† ASSAM	3033	500	W. J. Webber	18th „
B.L. ORIENTAL	5045	1000	E. Stewart	25th „
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	2nd May
B.L. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	9th „
† ASSAM	3033	500	W. J. Webber	16th „

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special P. and O. Express.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board.
Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

PEKIN	3908	600	P. Harris	24th Mar.
ROME	5011	1000	A. W. Adamson	7th Apr.
PENINSULAR	5045	1000	A. C. Loggin	5th May

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	About
PEKIN	3908	600	P. Harris	4th Dec.
GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton	18th „

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 22nd November 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.
FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay :—

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	1st Dec.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th Dec.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	10th Jan. 1891.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100 respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BORMIDA	On the 8th December, 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particular regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 11th Nov. 1890

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st Dec. '90
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st Jan. '91

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE or BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 490.

These rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
POSEIDON	L. Lemessich	4,200	650	15th Jan. '91.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Gedda, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MELPOMENE	G. Wallusching	3,800	550	21st Dec. '90.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 20th November, 1890.

ANCHOR LINE. BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
NUBIA	3,551	T. Knox	6th Dec.

THE above steamers have been built specially in view of the Indian trade, and have every comfort for first class passengers.
Surgeon and Stewardess carried.
For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 14th November, 1890.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES booked by P. and O. and other regular lines of Steamers, *without charge for Commission*. Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured.
CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

SECOND SALOON.

The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing. Intending passengers should make early application.
Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. Grindlay's "Hand Book" for Travellers may also be had free.
Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage received and shipped.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST AND CUTCH MANDAVIE.
S. S. "KISTNA," 1,132 tons, at 11 a.m., on WEDNESDAY, 3rd December.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS, CUTCH MANDAVIE, KURRACHEE, AND PERSIAN GULF.
S. S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 tons, at 11 a.m., on 29th November, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebundor, Cutch Mandavie, Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushcer, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.
S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,122 tons, at 11 a.m. on the 30th November, after arrival of incoming English mail, transhipping mails and passengers at Kurrachee to the Persian Gulf Steamer.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.
S. S. "LINDULA," 3,346 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 27th November, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR KURRACHEE, PLYMOUTH, ANTWERP, AND LONDON.
S. S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, on or about 3rd December.

FOR ZANZIBAR, MOMBASSA AND LAMOO.
S. S. "ORIENTAL," 1,496 tons, on or about the 28th November.

FOR MARMUGAO DIRECT.
S. S. "BUSHEER," 792 tons, on or about 27th November.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 26th November, 1890. Agents.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

TOURIST AND GENERAL PASSENGER AGENTS.

PASSAGES ENGAGED by P. and O. and all Lines of Steamers FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION, and special attention given to the selection of berths.
THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe, allowing breaks of Journey anywhere *en route*.
INTERPRETERS meet Steamers at all Chief Continental Ports to assist holders of Cook's Tickets.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued of the value of £20, £10, £5, which are cashed by any of our Agents and Banking Correspondents in all parts of the World.
Drafts issued at the Exchange of the day on our Branch Offices.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at very favourable rates.
A Copy of "COOK'S ORIENTAL TRAVELLERS GAZETTE," containing latest information of Steamer Sailings, Quarantine, &c., &c., sent free on application to

THOS. COOK & SON,
Bombay, Rampart Row. Calcutta, 11, Old Court House Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ICE BOXES & REFRIGERATORS

TREACHER & Co., Ld., have just imported a new Consignment of the above of the following descriptions :—

"THE NEW PORTABLE ICE BOX," for Railway Travelling or Shikaree Parties, fitted with Tap to draw off waste water.

Sizes	11in. by	8½ by	8in.	...Rs. 13 0
„	16 by	12 by	11	... „ 24 0
„	17 by	14 by	13	... „ 27 0

THE PORTABLE ICE HOUSE OR REFRIGERATOR, Box-shaped, fitted with sliding Zinc Shelves, painted, grained, and varnished.

Sizes	18	by 16	by 25	...Rs. 42 0
„	22	by 20	by 28	... „ 60 0
„	27	by 21	by 29	... „ 77 0
„	33	by 22½	by 31	... „ 92 0

AMERICAN BOX REFRIGERATOR, for preserving Ice, cooling Wines, and keeping Food, fitted with Shelves and Ice Water Tank.

Size	33	by 23	by 31	...Rs. 115 0

AMERICAN CABINET REFRIGERATOR.
These have been supplied to many Clubs, Messes, and Private Families.

Sizes	36	by 43	by 25	...Rs. 240 0
„	40	by 49	by 28	... „ 290 0

THE "ALASKA" REFRIGERATORS. These Refrigerators are so constructed that there is a constant circulation of cold dry air in the air chambers, by which Cleanliness and perfect Ventilation is insured.
Made of Solid Ash, with Carved Panels, and fitted with Bevelled Lock, Patent Syphon, and Metal Shelves. Charcoal filled and lined with Zinc.
34in. by 20in. by 46in..... Rs. 94.
The same pattern, but with the addition of a Porcelain-lined Water Cooler, and Nickel plated Cup Stand.

Sizes	27in. by	18in. by	42in.	...Rs. 76 0
„	31	by 18	by 44½	... „ 86 0
„	34	by 20	by 46	... „ 102 0
„	36	by 21	by 48	... „ 120 0

THE "ALASKA" ICE CHESTS. These are made of solid Ash, and constructed on the same principles as the Refrigerators; strongly built, and fitted with strong Shelves and Ice Rack.
34 by 22 by 32 .....Rs. 52 8

TREACHER & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PLAYING CARDS.

			Rs.	As.
DeLa Rue's Palace Gold Moguls, asstd. patterns,	per pack		2	2
Do. do.	do.	„ doz.	24	0
Do. Palace Moguls	do.	„ pack	1	14
Do. do.	do.	„ doz.	21	0
Do. Figured Moguls	do.	„ pack	1	10
Do. do.	do.	„ doz.	18	0
Goodall's Duplex Round Cornered,	per pack	Rs. 1-4 and	1	10
Do. Porcelain Faced		per pack	0	10
Do. Harrys and Club Harrys,	per pack	„ 0-10 and	1	0
Do. Mogul's		„	1	4

DE LA RUE'S PATENT. "PNEUMATIC" PLAYING CARDS.

FOR EASY SHUFFLING AND PERFECT DEALING.

THESE CARDS are thin with rounded Corners and Patent Index-Pips. The front of the Pneumatic Playing Cards are highly finished, whilst the Backs are minutely grooved or indented all over the surface, so as to provide an air-space between the Cards, and a roughened surface which acts as a resistance for the thumb in dealing. This prevents misdeals, as the Cards slide off one by one, and can be dealt with the greatest ease and rapidity. A variety of patterns. Per pack, Rs. 1-4, 1-8, and 2.
SELF-PLAYING WHIST CARS FOSTER'S PATENT.
A Pack of Cards that will play themselves. One, two or three persons can play exactly as though four were present: the Cards will play with you or against you; will tell you when you play correctly, and correct your mistakes. Each Pack plays 40 Games, and every Hand is a perfect example of the Game of Whist. Per pack, Rs. 2.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

LAZARUS' SPECIALITE SPECTACLES.

Can be obtained from and fitted by
THACKER and Co., LD.,
Bombay AGENTS TO MR. LAZARUS.
*** Descriptive Pamphlet and Price List, with instructions for Self-testing of Sight for those who cannot attend personally, will be sent on Application.

THACKER & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, will in future be PUBLISHED on SATURDAY MORNING, in consequence of the alteration of Mail Day.

LETTS'S DIARIES.—1891.

CHEAP OFFICE DIARIES.

			Rs.	a.
No. 37.	Folio. Universal Diary. A week on a page, interleaved with blotting paper	12½ by 8 in.	0	12
„ 35.	Octavo. Note-paper size. A week in an opening, with space for Sundays	7½ by 4½ „	0	12
	Ditto. interleaved with blotting paper	„ „	1	2
„ 34.	Quarto. Six days to a page, Sundays at foot, interleaved with blotting paper	10 by 8 „	0	12
„ 33.	Quarto. A week in an opening, with space for Sundays	10 by 8 „	1	0
„ „	Ditto, interleaved with blotting paper	„ „	1	8
„ 32.	Folio. Foolscap size. A week on a page	12½ by 8 „	1	4
„ „	Ditto, ditto, interleaved with blotting paper	„ „	1	8
„ 31.	Folio, Foolscap size. A week in an opening with space for Sundays.	12½ by 8 „	1	2
No. 31	Ditto, ditto, interleaved with blotting paper	12½ by 8 in.	1	14.

CLOTH BOUND DIARIES.

			Rs.	a.
No. 15.	Long, Narrow Octavo. A week in an opening	7½ by 3 in.	1	10
„ 13.	Small Octavo, ditto, ditto.	6½ by 3½ „	1	10
„ 12.	Enld. Small Octavo. Two days to a page	6½ by 3½ „	2	12
„ 11.	Octavo. Note-paper size. A week in an opening	7½ by 5 „	2	12
„ 9.	Ditto, ditto. Two days to a page	7½ by 5 „	3	8
„ 11D.	Ditto, ditto, Three days in an opening, left page for memos. or accounts, and right for accounts.	7½ by 5 „	3	8
„ 8.	Octavo. Note-paper size. One day to a page	7½ by 5 „	4	0
„ 18.	Pocket Diary	..	1	8
„ 20	Ditto. Smaller	..	1	2

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Lahore.
CUTLER, PALMER & CO., LONDON.
Largest Wine Shippers to India and the East. Price List free on application.

VOLKART BROTHERS, BOMBAY.

ELECTROTECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.
CONSULTING ELECTRICIANS,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
AND CONTRACTORS FOR
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
STOCK AND SHOW ROOMS :
APOLLO HOUSE, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

COUGH! COLD!! BRONCHITIS!!!

ST. MARTIN'S
PULMONARY BALSAM.
A SAFE and Palatable Preparation, of purely Vegetable Drugs, possessing Expectorant, Demulcent, and Balsamic Properties.
Per Bottle, Re. 1 and Re. 1-12.
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS. } F. S. MADON & CO., { MARKET, BOMBAY.

FRESH CONSIGNMENT!!!

REAL MANILLA CIGARS.

	Rs.	a.		Rs.	a.
Manilla Cigar No. 1	per 100 6	0	Manilla Cigar, No. 3	per 100 4	0
Do. do. No. 2	per 100 5	0	Do. Cheeroot No. 2	per 100 5	0

THESE CIGARS are carefully selected and packed in boxes o 100 by our Agent at Manilla, and the facilities which are at our command enable us to offer them at LOWER RATES than any other firm in India.

N. B. DANTRA AND CO.,
FORT, BOMBAY.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,

MANUFACTURERS OF
SADDLERY AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
BRIDLES,
BREAST PLATES, MARTINGALES, HEAD COLLARS, GIRTHS, STIRRUPS, LAMPS, IRONS AND LEATHERS.
HORSE CLOTHING.
BOXWOOD MEASURING STANDARDS.
VETERINARY SURGEON'S APPARATUS, PATENT CLIPPERS, AND HORSE TAIL SHEARS.
LEATHER AND FELT NUMDAHS, BODY ROLLERS, SURCINGLES, KNEE CAPS, AND SADDLE CLOTHS.
WHIPS
FOR RIDING, DRIVING AND HUNTING.
MILITARY ACCOUTREMENTS.
NEW REGULATION SADDLES
FOR
INFANTRY MOUNTED OFFICERS.
SWORD BELTS WITH BRACES AND SABRETACHES, SWORD KNOTS, AND SPURS, BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS AND IMPORTERS.
BOMBAY, POONA, AND SECUNDERABAD.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE,

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.
CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.
CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.
CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.
CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer Toothache, Meningitis, &c.
From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33 Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. "Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating yo upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itsel not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnance and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Cholera Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is A DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBERS AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, sir, faithfully yours Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists."
CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to. See "The Times," July 13, 1864.
Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.
CAUTION.—Beware of iracy an imitation. Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT 33, Russell's Street Bloomsbury; London.

EYESIGHT!

THE necessity for proper testing of the sight before ordering Spectacles cannot be overrated. We have the highest medical authority confirmed by daily experience that impertect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection generally employed, are frequent causes of irremediable injury to the sight, and as no present economy can compensate for such a loss, it behoves all to be cautious how they are tempted to use the common Spectacles now so generally sold by those who keep an ill-assorted collection just to complete a miscellaneous stock.
We make this department of our business a speciality, and we claim to have the largest and most complete stock in India. Our Opticians being thoroughly practical men, we can guarantee the correction of the defects and irregularities of the sight by optical means.

DR. A. MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES

Have always been and always are by a very long way the best procurable, and owing to the present favorable rate of exchange, we have been able to reduce their prices, which though very little in advance of other Houses the slightly extra cost is more than compensated for by their superiority and perfection.
It is well known to us from experiments that a great deal of discomfort must arise from the use of spectacles with ill-fitting frames, for instance a pair of lenses in frames a little too wide or a little too narrow would compel the patient to look through the inner or outside sides of the lenses or through their prisms instead of through their centre and which must necessitate a call upon the convergence muscles for increased effort at a time when the accommodation muscles are relaxed. This cannot but be a source of discomfort at all times and a source of danger to the eyes. Several instances have been known in which discomfort in wearing spectacles has been removed as soon as lenses of the same power were put into frames adopted to the requirements of the wearer.
Every precaution is taken by us to supply not only the best lenses procurable but also to supply frames n which the lenses are so placed as to make the wearing of spectacles a pleasure.

STEEL FRAMES.

Single Temple or Turn-pin			from Rs.	6
Do. do. do.	Dr. Menist's		„	15
Folders or "Pince-Nez"			from „	6
Do. do.	Dr. Menist's		„	15

SILVER FRAMES.

Single Temple or Riding Hooks			„	20
Do. do. do.	Dr. Menist's		„	25
Turn-pin Sporting or Billiard Spectacles			„	24
Do. do. do.	Dr. Menist's		„	30
Folders or Pince-Nez, with Steel Springs			„	20
Do. do. do.	Gold Springs		„	25
Do. do. do.	Dr. Menist's		„	25

GOLD FRAMES.

Single Temple or Riding Hooks, oval or pantascopic from			„	25
Do. do. do.	Dr. Menist's		„	45
Turn-pin Sporting or Billiard Hooks			„	35
Do. do. do.	Dr. Menist's		„	55
Folders or Pince-Nez, Japanese Springs			from „	30
Do. do. do.	Dr. Menist's		„	40
Do. do. non-pressure springs			„	35
Do. do. do.	Dr. Menist's		„	45

OXFORDS OR SINGLE EYE-GLASSES.
GLASS.....Re. 1-8 each. Pebbles .....Rs. 8 each.

ATTACHMENTS.

Eye-glass Cords, Black Silk	4 for Rs.	1 0
„ Wirebound, very fine	each Re. 1 and „	1 8
„ Chains, Silver or Aluminium	each „	3 0
„ „ Gold	each from „	10 0

GLARE PROTECTORS.

Steel Framed Globular Glare Folders, Hooks or Turn-pins	from Rs.	3
Silver Framed do. do.	from „	12
Gold Framed do. do.	from „	35

STIRRUP OR "D" EYE PROTECTORS.
Steel or Nickel Turn-pin, Single Temple or Hooksides

			from „	6
Silver	do. do.	do.	from „	25
Gold	do. do.	do.	from „	60

JAPANESE CUPS OR GLARE AND DUST GLASSES.

Blue Steel Frame, Velvet Rimmed			from Rs.	4
Silver	do.	do.	from „	30
Gold	do.	do.	from „	75

LORGNONS.
A very elegant form of optical relief specially designed for Ladies. Best quality, in substantial engraved Gold Cases, and fitted with Dr. Menist's Perfect Pebbles ..... Rs. 100
Decorated Tortoise Shell, inlaid with Mother-O' Pearl or in plain Mother-O'-Pearl, with Silver Mounts... „ 25
Tortoise Shade long handle, without middle joint, very fashionable ..... „ 20

MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

FOR SALE, WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLES.

450 Bore Sporting, 9 Shots		Rs. 100.
500 „ Express, 5 do.		Rs. 150.; plain quality, Rs. 110.
450 „ Single Express (taking 125 grains powder)		Rs. 65.
500 „ do.		Rs. 65.

AMMUNITION AND RE-LOADING TOOLS FOR ABOVE KEPT IN STOCK.
Apply to
KING, KING & CO., BOMBAY.

Wholesale by POPULAR R. M. COMPANY, Medows Street, Bombay. Retail at Re. 1-4 By all Chemists, Bombay.
SQUIBB'S DYSENTERY DROPS.
Radically cures Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and Bowel Complaints. Is a reliable and never failing Remedy.

Re. 1-8 of all Chemists. Wholesale at POPULAR R. M. COMPANY, Medows Street, Bombay.
SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC.
Kills Fevers and Ague, and eradicates Malarial Poison from the system in two days! "The first bottle made a different man altogether". "A wonderful remedy is your Ague Specific indeed." If you require a real Cure for Fevers, do not take Price into consideration.

NOTICES.

I BEG to announce, I have THIS DAY ESTABLISHED myself as MERCHANT and AGENT to the Swedish General Export Association, of Stockholm, and the Society of Swedish Iron Masters.

G. DE BILDT,
Address: Messrs. Warden and Co., 7 Hummum Street. Bombay, November 24, 1890.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 338 OF 1890.
JUGMOHANDAS VANDRAWANDAS.....Plaintiff.
vs.
HAJEE OOSMAN HAJI ABA.....Defendant.

IT is hereby Notified that the Sale of the timber, &c., &c., advertised in this paper, under date the 20th November instant, to take place on the 24th idem, has been ADJOURNED to Thursday, the 27th November 1890, and that the SALE will be proceeded with on that date at 3-30 o'clock p. m. at CHINCH BUNDER—Dated this 25th day of November, 1890.

PRYCE WEEDON,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Messrs. LITTLE, SMITH, FRERE & NICHOLSON, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

BY direction of H. H. MAHARAJA HOLKAR, TENDERS are invited on or before the 17th December 1890 for the Contract or Lease of working the INDORE ESTATE SPINNING and WEAVING MILLS on payment of a certain fixed amount by way of a net profit annually to H. H. by instalments to be determined after a Tender has been accepted.
The intending applicants will state the period they would like to obtain the lease for their respective applications.
For full information respecting the mills and other particulars connected therewith applications may be addressed to the NAIB DEWAN, Khasgi Department, Indore State.
H. H. does not guarantee the acceptance of the highest or any particular Tender.
The mills were erected in 1868 and 1878, respectively, and the machinery, including Four Engines of 500 Horse Power, Looms 468, Spindles 15,768, &c., &c., are in excellent working order.

K. C. BEDARKAR,
Prime Minister, Indore State.
Indore, 5th November, 1890.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 3rd November 1890.
" No. 4049-D.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MILITARY DEPARTMENT.
Simla, the 15th October 1890.
Horses.
Remounts.
NOTIFICATION.

WITH reference to the advertisement of the 31st October, 1889, it is hereby notified that the number of young country-bred horses likely to prove suitable for Army purposes, which it is anticipated will be purchased by the Government of India during the year 1891-92, is estimated at 1,050. But this estimate is subject to alteration hereafter :—

BENGAL.		
Hapur Rearing Depot.		
Young horses, one year old and upwards ....400 } Do. six months old and upwards ..200 }		600
Kurnal Rearing Depot.		
Young horses, one year old and upwards....150 } Do. six months old and upwards ..200 }		350
BOMBAY.		
Ahmednagar Rearing Depot.		
Young horses, one year old and upwards	..	100
Total	..	1,050

2. The average price for young horses of this class wil be fixed according to their merits, but every horse presented for purchase will be valued separately, and higher or lower prices may be given, provided that the average fixed by Government is not exceeded
3. The purchases will be made at the various horse fairs, horse shows and districts in India, by Remount Agents, under the orders of the Director, Army Remount Department.

(Sd.) E. H. H. COLLEN,
Secretary to the Government of India."
By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,
B. H. POTTINGER, Major-General,
Secretary to Government.

EVERY MAN interested in the subject of nervous and physical debility should write at once for a valuable pamphlet explaining how the most obscure nervous and organic derangements may be successfully treated without stomach medication. The only method which is easy and pleasant, and will effect a perfect and permanent cure. This pamphlet, of great interest to all men, will be sent post free.—Mr. E. NORTON, 319, High Holborn London, Eng.

FOR SALE.

ARAB HORSES! PERSIAN HORSES!!
FRESH BATCHES of EXCELLENT ARAB and PERSIAN HORSES, containing among them most of the best Horses landed this season, have arrived by the last ten Mails, at the well-known Commission Stables, at the Bellasis Junction Road, opposite Messrs. Treacher and Co, Ld., conducted by Messrs. Suleman bin Dawood and Co., the well-known importers of the best Arab and Persian Horses. The largest stock of horses in Bombay to select from, consisting of Racers. Hunters, Galloways and excellent Racing and Polo Ponies, suitable for Gentlemen, Nabobs, Rajas, Officers and Regimental purposes.
SULEMAN BIN DAWOOD & Co.,
Bellasis Junction Road, Byculla.

FOR SALE.
AT
CUMMU JAFFER SULLIMAN BAZAR.
JUST LANDED two brand new light English-built canoe LANDAU suitable for one or pair of horses, by Watson of Lowestoft.
A brand new handsome and light English-made VICTORIA and a MAIL PHAETON, suitable for one or pair of horses, by Lewis Fulker of Salisbury.
A few second-hand English-made BROUGHAMS LANDAUS, &c.
And a few sets of pair horse and single English made new silver and brass mounted harnesses.
A MAIL PHAETON, the property of an officer, lately gone home.
Also a pair of handsome well matched young and fast grey Arabs, the property of a gentlemen.
Apply to
CUMMU JAFFER SULLIMAN & CO.

THE HOUSE TO SUPPLY YOU WITH
NEWSPAPERS AND MAGAZINES
IS
S. L. NORMAN & CO.
Strictest Regularity and Punctuality observed. Send at once for reduced rates of subscriptions.
S. L. NORMAN & CO.,
TAMARIND LANE, FORT,
BOMBAY.

THE NATIONAL MORTGAGE BANK, Ld., BOMBAY.
Incorporated under the Indian Companies' Act.
Capital, Rs. 200,000, in Shares of Rs. 25 each.
SHARES STILL AVAILABLE.
LOANS gran

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BALLOON! BALLOON!!

CHINCHPOOGLY, NEAR THE FIRE-BRIGADE.

ON SATURDAY, 29TH NOVEMBER, 1890, AT 4 p. m.

ASCENT IN A BALLOON AND DESCENT BY A PARACHUTE WITH THE BALLOON.

HAJI HOOSSEN AGA ALI

Will ascend in his Balloon to the Cloudland and descend to Terra Firma within one hour.

GATES OPEN AT 1 P.M.

In order to give visitors an opportunity of witnessing the interesting process of inflating his giant Balloon and watching the departure of the Pilot Balloons.

BAND AND REFRESHMENT.

Seats in Reserve: Enclosure..Rs. 3 | Second Class ....Rs. 1
First Class ....., 2 | Third Class .....As. 8

Tickets to be had from SHERIAR ASPINDIAR ERANI, Kalbadevie; ASPINDIAR PALLONJEE TOPIWALLA, Adamjee Peerbhoy Market, Dhobi Talao.

SPECIAL MISSION.

REV. W. HASLAM,

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

NOVEMBER 23RD TO 30TH.

			A.M.	P.M.	
Thursday,	do.	27th	7-30		Lessons in the Christian Life.
Friday,	do.	28th			
Saturday,	do.	29th		6	Mission Service.
			11		Morning Service.
SUNDAY,	do.	30th		4-30	Children's Service.
				6	Evening Service.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR DIRECT.

H. H. THE SULTAN OF ZANZIBAR'S S. S. "KILWA" WILL SAIL for ZANZIBAR on MONDAY, the 1st December. Ibo and Mozambique cargo will be transhipped from Zanzibar. She will carry Goods for Quillimane and Delagoa Bay. For Freight and Passage, apply to

ALLANA MUNJEE & Co., Agents.

H. H. the Sultan of Zanzibar.

Mandvie, Khoja Mohola, 26th November, 1890.

THE CITY LINE S. S. "CITY OF DUBLIN" has ARRIVED from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, and is DISCHARGING in the PRINCE'S DOCK. Consignees are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our COUNTERSIGNATURE and to TAKE DELI- of their goods without delay.

...hes, Oil, Acids, Naptha, and other Inflammable ...e must be removed as they are landed, failing which ...ill be exposed at consignees' risk and subject to re- to the Combustible Shed at their expense.

...ss boats are sent alongside without delay to take ...ry of packages exceeding in weight 30 cwts, they will ...ded at the Quay at the risk and expense of the con- ...

...signees are hereby expressly notified that all claims ...mage must be adjusted by steamer's Surveyor before ...ods are removed from the landing shed. The under- ... decline all responsibility in respect of goods removed ...unclaimed warehouse. All claims must be presented ... the sailing of the steamer, otherwise none will be entertained.

Captain CLARK will attend every morning to survey damages, &c.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 26th November, 1890.

THE MACIVOR LINE s. s. "EUROPA" has ARRIVED from LIVERPOOL via KARRACHEE, with a General Cargo, and is DISCHARGING in the VICTORIA DOCK.

CONSIGNEES are REQUESTED to PRESENT their BILLS of LADING for our Countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay.

Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into Consignees Boats, and, if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in Boats at Steamer's option at their Risk and Expense.

The Company's Surveyor will attend every morning to survey Damages, and all Claims in this respect must be adjusted before the GOODS are removed from the Landing Sheds. After removal from the Landing Sheds the Steamer will not be responsible for any Damage whatever.

All Claims must be presented before the sailing of the Steamer, otherwise none will be entertained.

KILLICK, NIXON & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 25th November, 1890.

'XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S GIFT

FOR

INDIAN PRINCES, RAJAS, CHIEFS, NOBLEMEN, &c., &c.

MOST VALUABLE

GOLD WATCHES, GOLD CHAINS,

OF

VARIOUS DESCRIPTIONS AND PRICES,

BY

JOHN JONES, 338, STRAND,

AND

JAS. McCABE, ROYAL EXCHANGE.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,

37, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

NEWTON'S "CHAHPORE" TEA CONCERN.

KANGRA VALLEY.

THE BATCH of famous "Chahpore" Brand of High Class TEAS just received, as follows:—

ORANGE PEKOE	Re. 1	2 per lb.
UNIVERSAL MIXTURE	„ 0 14	„
PEKOE	„ 0 13	„
BROKEN PEKOE	„ 0 12	„
BROKEN TEA	„ 0 10	„

The Teas are put up in 1 lb. packets, each packet bearing the Proprietor's name and guaranteed pure. Special Terms for Large Orders.

R. RAMCHANDRA & Co., Sole Agents.

11, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.

WORKING DAIRY—AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

FRESH BUTTER.

Five Annas per ½ lb.

IN consequence of the demand for FRESH BUTTER, from THE DAIRY in TAMARIND LANE, it would greatly convenience MR. KEVENTER if families on MALABAR HILL would kindly enable him to make a list for deliveries during the week by giving early notice of their requirements.

SALE OF GOLD.

TENDERS will be received by the Undersigned up to 12 noon on FRIDAY, the 5th December, for the PURCHASE of about 1,000 OUNCES of GOLD from the Kolar Gold Fields, in bars of about 100 ounces.

Each tender should state the approximate number of ounces and the rate per standard ounce of 916·6 fineness, but the Undersigned to be at liberty to deliver Gold of a different standard at a proportionate rate. Each bar will be accompanied by a Mine Assay Certificate, which must be accepted by tenderers.

Every tender should be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 5 for each ounce tendered for. Successful tenderers will be required to pay a further deposit of Rs. 10 per ounce, and the balance must be paid, and the Gold taken delivery of within one week from notice having been received of the acceptance of the tender.

Further particulars on application to the Undersigned, who reserve to themselves the right of rejecting all, or any of the tenders without assigning any reason.

BEST AND CO.

Madras, 24th November, 189[illegible].

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

COTTON WASTE.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of COTTON WASTE, required by the Company, for twelve months, commencing the first day of February, 1891, estimated at 250 tons.

Tenders which must be on the Company's form, sealed, superscribed, and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,000, will be received by the Agent at his office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 p.m. (Gun fire), on WEDNESDAY, 10th December, after which hour no Tender will be received.

Forms of Tender can be obtained and samples seen upon application to the undersigned.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING, Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 26th November, 1890.

IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS, BOMBAY.

In the matter of RAMNARAYEN LUCKMONDAS, MADONGOPAL GIRDHARILAL, and VITHALDAS GIRDHARILAL, lately trading at Bombay under the name of VITHALDAS SHRIKISSON, adjudged Insolvents.

WHEREAS the Petition of JAIRAM BOODMUL, the Petitioning Creditor of the above-named Insolvents, verified by the declaration of the said Petitioning Creditor Jairam Boodmul, was filed in this Honourable Court on this day; and whereas the said RAMNARAYEN LUCKMONDAS, MADONGOPAL GIRDHARILAL and VITHALDAS GIRDHARILAL have been this day duly adjudged to have committed an act of Insolvency under the Provisions of Section Nine of the Act Eleven and Twelve, Victoria, Chapter Twenty-one. It is ordered that all the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court. And it is further ordered that the said Insolvents do within thirty days from the date hereof file a Schedule in this Honourable Court in the form in Schedule C. to the said Act annexed, containing the statement of their debts, estate and effects. Dated this Twenty Sixth Day of November One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety.

C. W. L. JACKSON, Clerk of the Court.

Court House, Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay, this 26th day of November 1890.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE COLUMBIA ELITE ROLLER SKATING RINK.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The Management have much pleasure in announcing that they have secured the services of PROFESSORS SIMPSON and VERBOECK for

ONE MORE NIGHT ONLY.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY.

Admission, Re. 1. Ladies and Children, half price.

SATURDAY.

Grand Fencing Tournament for the CHAMPIONSHIP OF BOMBAY.

PRIZE.—A SEASON TICKET.

Intending Competitors should register their names at once.

SYMPHONIUMS!!!

THE SYMPHONIUM is a self-acting MUSICAL BOX of a novel and ingenious construction. It has the advantage over all Music Boxes, as it gets never out of tune, and will play ANY NUMBER of Tunes. Price, inclusive of 12 METAL discs or Tunes, Rs. 75, Rs. 130, and Rs. 175 each.

Additional Tunes from Re 1 to 1-8 each. We invite inspection.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

ARNOLD, CLIVE AND COY.

INTERNATIONAL EXPRESS COMPANY.

GENERAL SHIPPING, FORWARDING, EAST INDIA, PASSENGER, AND ARMY AGENTS.

BULL, BEVAN & Co., LD., Agents.

52, Custom House Road.

SERVANTS' CLOTHING!

SERVANTS' CLOTHING!!

FOR

BROADCLOTHS, SERGES, TWEEDS AND BLANKETING,

Of all colours and pieces and suitable for all grades of servants.

APPLY TO THE

ELGIN MILLS, CAWNPORE.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

INVESTMENTS.—The purchase and sale effected of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, BANK, and all other SHARES and STOCKS. INTEREST and DIVIDENDS realised. SECURITIES kept in safe custody. Printed forms of Powers of Attorney supplied.

Commission on purchases and sales ..... ½ per cent.
Commission on surrender of Securities out of safe custody ..... ½ „

GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment, and approved CHEQUES on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received at par.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on convertible Securities, and on approved personal Security with Life Assurance.

A BOON TO MEN

Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY Loss of VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VITALITY KIDNEY DISEASES, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by *local absorption*, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper post free, upon application.

The MARSTON REMEDY & Co., 249, High Holborn, LONDON.

THE "ST. JAMES'S BUDGET."

A WEEKLY EDITION OF THE "ST. JAMES'S GAZETTE."

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION,

Including Postage.

Twelve months..... Rs. 26
Six months ..... „ 13-8

The "St. James's Budget" may be ordered at the above rates from Messrs. THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta, Messrs. THACKER and Co. Ld., Bombay., or Messrs. HIGGINBOTHAM and Co. Madras.

The Paper will be posted from London direct or the subscriber's address.

If paid in England the Rates of Subscription, including Postage, is 8s. 2d per quarter.

OFFICE:—Dorset Street, Whitefriars, London.

REGENT PARK CANINE SURGERY.

Patronised by Royalty, June 18, 1879.

Oct. 25, 1879, His Highness the Khan of Kelat.

MR. SPENCE, for convenience of residents in India, and avoid delay in answering letters quotes the following prices:—

BLOODHOUNDS	£25	each.
DEERHOUNDS	£20	
MASTIFFS	£20	„
BOARHOUNDS	£20	„
BULL DOGS	£20	„
BULL TERRIERS	£10	„
FOX TERRIERS	£10	„
IRISH TERRIERS	£10	„
WELL-BROKEN POINTERS, SETTERS, AND RETRIEVERS	£20	„
WELL-BROKEN SPANIELS	£10	„

Apply

MR. CHAAS. BELL SPENCE, M.R.C.V.S.

Lanark Villas, MaidaVale, London.

ESTABLISHED 1849.

J. & R. SHORROCK,

BOLTON ROAD & LEE FOUNDRIES,

DARWEN, LANCASHIRE,

Manufacture Specialities in

PAPER-MAKING MACHINERY,

COTTON-WEAVING MACHINERY

Corliss Engines, Boilers, Mill Gearing,

Estimates and Drawings on Application.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.

Made simply with boiling water or milk.

Sold in ¼lb. and pound tins, labelled thus.

JAMES EPPS & CO., HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS, LONDON.

ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (LIMITED).

HEAD OFFICE—47, Threadneedle Street, London.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£933,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £466,500
RESERVE FUND.....£140,000

LONDON BANKERS:

BANK OF ENGLAND.

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND.

NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, Ld.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per Annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances, under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest is allowed on Fixed Deposits—

For 12 months, at 5 per cent. per Annum, and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, Rangoon, Mandalay, and Delhi. It grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
H. CHALMERS, Manager.

THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.

CAPITAL—£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND—£1,05,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 3 (three) per cent. per annum.

DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

JAMES GREENWOOD, Manager.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

CAPITAL.....£3,200,000.

LONDON BANKERS:

BANK OF ENGLAND.

UNION BANK OF LONDON.

LONDON OFFICE, 32, Threadneedle Street, E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.

DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.

DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

E. C. MONOD, Acting Manager.

Rampart Row, W.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year.

DEPOSITS received, subject to 12 months' notice, at 5 per cent. per annum; for shorter periods rates will be furnished on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom, Calcutta and Madras granted at the best rate of the day.

REGULAR FAMILY REMITTANCES arranged and Pay, Pensions, Dividends, &c., realised.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable all the World over, Letters of Credit issued by English or American Bankers cashed, Sovereigns and Bank of England Notes bought or sold at favourable rates.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS for long or short periods granted on easy terms, and approved Bills or Cheques discounted.

GOVERNMENT and OTHER SECURITIES bought and sold or received for safe custody.

REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL AGENCY of every description transacted, Passages engaged on best terms possible, Baggage, Cargo, and Parcels shipped or cleared and orders for Stores and Regimental Requisites executed.

HENRY, S. KING & CO., LONDON.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Capital.....$ 100,00,000. Paid up...$ 81,68,062·50
Balance in Course of Payment.....$ 18,31,937·50
Reserve Fund.....$ 54,32,127·20
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

THOMAS JACKSON, *Chief Manager*.

London Bankers—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE:

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E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co).
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 31, Lombard Street, E. C.
A. H. PHILPOTTS, Esq., Carshalton Surrey.
EWEN CAMERON, Manager.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI,

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BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	SAIGON.
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BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SINGAPORE.
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA,
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent., on daily balances, if not under Rs. 500, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 5 per cent. Terms for shorter periods on Application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON, Agent.

Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

KHANDALLA HOTEL, KHANDALLA.

THIS HOTEL is splendidly situated, and within easy distance from the Railway Station. Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view all round.

Apply to

NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS, Khandalla.

KEATING'S BONBONS OR WORM TABLETS.

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

RESIDENTS IN INDIA WILL FIND CEYLON

An agreeable place to visit during THE HOT SEASON.

NUWARA ELIYA.—The Sanitarium is 6,200 feet above Sea.

And after reaching Colombo by Short Sea Voyage, easily approached by Rail. First Class Return Ticket Rs. 13. "THE GRAND" & CRITERION" HOTELS are charmingly situated, over-looking Lake and Mountain scenery. Furnished with every Comfort. Excellent Cuisine. Bracing climate, but not too cold. W. MILSON & Co., Proprietors, Nuwara Eliya, Ceylon.

PRICE CURRENT.—Published once a week, contains shipping arrivals, departures, exports, imports, and other commercial news. Subscription—Rs. 10 per year.

WANTED.

SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY.

WANTED, 400 tons of English PORTLAND CEMENT of approved brand, weight not less than 112lb. per slaked bushel, packed in casks of usual size, delivered at Guntakal by March 1st, 1891.

For further particulars and form of tender apply to the CHIEF ENGINEER, S. I. R., Trichinopoly.

WILLIAM S. BETTS, Agent.

Agent's Office, Trichinopoly, 21st Nov. 1890.

WANTED.

EVERY POSSESSOR of a GARDEN to send us their name and address for a copy of our

GENERAL SEED CATALOGUE

for the coming season.

This is the grandest SEED LIST ever published in India, containing descriptions of nearly 1,500 varieties of VEGETABLES and FLOWERS and hundreds of illustrations.

THE HIMALAYA SEED STORES, LANDOUR, MUSSOORIE, N.-W. P.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S., VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard, Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE Proprietor of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE Press, having leased from the

G. I. P. RAILWAY COMPANY,
The NIZAM STATE RAILWAY,
AND
The BHOWNAGAR-GONDAL RAILWAY COMPANY

The exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to these Companies, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting Notices or Advertisement, on the lines.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the Native Languages.

The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kind before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every one in the United Kingdom.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTEL-KEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of Railway Station Advertising.

And as nearly ALL TRAVELLERS ARRIVING IN INDIA NOW LAND AT BOMBAY and proceed by Rail, Placards exhibited at the different stations are every day becoming more and more valuable as a means of bringing the Advertisers' business to he notice of the public.

On the NIZAM STATE RAILWAY the Cantonment of Secunderabad, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India, a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and Native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of Bolaram garrisoned by two Regiments and one Battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about four miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad containing the Nizam's Regular Troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans, besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be a source of profit to firms to advertise at these Stations, the most important of which are Secunderabad, Hyderabad, Gangawaram and Tandur.

Orders for exhibiting Advertisement Boards on the B. B. and C. I. Railway Stations will also be received at this Office.

RATES.

Boards not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 feet square, will have the advantage of having their Business Advertisement read by thousands of passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.; on twelve stations or more twenty-five per cent.

Special arrangements for long periods.

The boards to be delivered at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Advertisers can select the stations, on the four lines at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely moderate scale to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers, may be printed at moderate charges in English of any of the Native languages at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Press. Estimates on application.

For further particulars apply to THE MANAGER, "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, Rampart Row, Fort.

STATION THE G. I. P. R. LINE.

Musjid Bunder.	Bhosawul Junction *ac*	Chindwara	Parus
Chinchpoogly	Sowda	Satari	Dapki
Parel Station	Nimborah	Shapura	Akola
Dadur	Raver	Mirganj (for Marble Rocks)	Boregaum
Sion	Khanapur	Nagpoor	Katipurna
Coorla	Burhanpur	Huln Gate	Moortizapore
Ghat-Cooper	Chandnee	Budlapoor	Mohona
Bhandoop	Mandwa	Wangni	Koorun
Tannaha	Dongergaum	Narel	Budnaira
Deewa	Bagmar	Chinchowli	Malker
Callian Junction *ab*	Khundwa *ab*	Kurjut *ab*	Chandoor
Titwalla	Jawar	Padeshari	Damergaum
Khadawali	Beorh	Khandalla	Poolgaum
Wassind	Singaji	Lanowlee *a*	Dygaum
Shapoor	Harsud	Karli	Wurdah *b*
Atgaum	Kirkeam	Kurkulla	Powaar
Khurde	Bheringee	Tulligaon	Sindee
Kussarah *a*	Hurda *a*	Salaivadi	Boree
Egutpoora	Timoornee	Chinchwud	Kapri
Ghotee	Pagdhal	Kirkee	Saigaon
Bailgaum	Sewnee	Poona *bdd*	Jehwoor
Deolalee B. Siding	Dharam	Loonee	Marleh
Nassick Rd *a*	Khundi	Uoroolee	Unger
Kheirwadee	Dularia	Yeoal	Mohol
Niphar	Etarsee (for Hoshangabad)	Kheirgaum	Packney
Nassulgaum	Rampur	Patus	Sholapur *ac*
Munmar	Bagra	Dhond *b*	Hoodgee
Nandgaum *a*	Seonri	Borebail	Kurubgaum
Naidongree	Sohagpore *ad*	Decksal and Bheegwan	Doodnah
Chalisagaum	Paparia (for Pachmari)	Kartruz	Goodoor
Kujgaum	Bankeri	Pomulwaree	Goolburga
Galna	Babai	Warengaum	Shahabad *abc*
Pachora	Gadawara	Nargaum	Wadi
Myjee	Bohanee	Khankeer	Nulwar
Mussawuda	Kureli (for Saugor)	Mulkapoor	Yedagherry
Siswlee	Narsingpore	BiswaBridge	Sydapore
Julgaum	Kuruk Bail	Nandoora	Road
Bhadli		Jullumb	Kistna
		Sheagaum *a*	Chickasgo
			Raichore

STATIONS ON THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY LINE.

Wady Junct'n	Nawandgi	Gulaguda	Hyderabad
Chitapore	Tandara	Shankarpalli	Secunderabad
Mulkid Gate	Dharur	Lingampallie	
Jram	Gangawaram	Musapetgate	

STATIONS ON THE BHAVNAGAR-GONDAL.

Wadwan Junc.	Botad	Chital	Dhoraji
do. City	Ningala	Luqidhar	Sanasli
Limbdi	Ujaliyar	Kunkavav	Songad
Chuda	Dhola Junc.	Khakhari	Sihore
Rajpur	Jasdi.	Vavdi.	Varted
Kundli	Dhasa	Jetpur	Jhadeshi
	Lathi	Jetalsar	Bhavnagar

a Refreshment Rooms.
b Junction for Jabalpur line.
c 15 minutes for early Tea!
d 30 minutes for Dinner.

INSURANCES.

THE STANDARD.

PUBLIC DEMAND.—New Policies for £1,379,000 were granted during 1889 This is in excess of the amount reported by any of the Scotch offices, and again places the STANDARD at the head of the list.

REVENUE INCREASE.—The Revenue has increased by £45,000, and now amounts to £974,948 per annum.

INCREASE OF FUNDS.—The Funds have been increased by £353,643, and now amount to £7,343,956 sterling.

F. A. PREVOST, Acting Secretary Bombay Branch.

Standard Buildings, Hornby Row, Bombay.

FIRE INSURANCE.

	Exclusive Reserve Fund.
The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 3,000,000
The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., (exclusive re-insurances) CAPITAL	M6,000,00
The HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 6,000,00
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 7,530,00
The LUBECK FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 3,000,00
The FIRE INSURANCE Co. of 1877, CAPITAL	„ 2,600,00
The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	fl 3,000,00
The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 2,000,0
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., "INSULINDE," CAPITAL	1,000,000

MARINE INSURANCE.

The GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	£ 3,000,0
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	fl 3,000,0
The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 2,000,0
The BADEN MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	M6,000,00
The NEW SWISS LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE CO.	

THE FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE in the above Companies apply to the UNDERSIGNED who can offer ALL FACILITIES and MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS. ALL CLAIMS PROMPTLY SETTLED IN BOMBAY. Rates and other particulars can be obtained on application.

VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£2,000,000 STERLING.

TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS, invested in the best and safest Securities, now amount to

£5,672,040 17s. 8d. STERLING.

FIRE BRANCH.

POLICIES covering risk on MERCHANDISE, BUILDINGS, SPINNING MILLS, COTTON AND JUTE PRESSES, SHOPS, BUNGALOWS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS, AND CLUBS, both in BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, granted on most favourable terms. COALS on the BUNDERS and KEROSINE OIL also covered.

Fire Premium for 1862	£309,690	0 0
„ 1885	£988,156	0 0
„ 1886	£955,039	0 0
„ 1889	£1,104,173	16 10

LIFE BRANCH.

NATIVE LIVES ASSURED AT EUROPEAN RATES. LARGE REDUCTION IN RATES.

POLICIES granted by the UNDERSIGNED without references to Head Office on APPROVED lives. MILITARY LIVES in CIVIL employ have extra premium returned.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES, payable at fixed periods on ADULTS, and Children on very favourable terms.

LAST REVERSIONARY BONUS 7½ per cent.

REDUCTION TO EUROPEAN rates, when Assured leaves either Alexandria or Port Said.

Accumulated LIFE FUND now amounts to	£3,475,114	5	9
Total ACCUMULATED FUNDS	£6,161,508	13	11

GROWTH OF FUNDS.

1874	£2,957,174	12	4	1884	£5,318,407	9	2
1879	£4,260,595	15	1	1889	£6,161,508	13	11

THOS. H. MOORE & Co., Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

Hummum Street.

ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICE.

PUBLIC ATTENTION is specially invited to the following NEW and MOST ADVANTAGEOUS METHOD of ASSURANCE under the

TREBLE BENEFIT ENDOWMENT POLICIES

NOW issued by this Company, which provides for a Payment to the Assured himself on attaining a specified age; or he can purchase a Pension, if he so desires, for the rest of life; or the Sum Assured is payable to his Representative at the previous death of the Assured, thus comprising in one contract the TREBLE BENEFIT or an Endowment a Pension payable during life, or as a Family Provision payable at Death.

ENQUIRY-FORM

AS TO THE COST OF

A Sum to be received at a specified age (or at Death, if previous),

with the ALTERNATIVE of

A Pension for Life after that age.

The undersigned having been Born on the

Day of 18

what would be the Annual Payment to secure Rs. to be Paid when he is aged 50,* or at his death, if sooner?

Also, what Yearly Pension for the rest of Life may be obtained at the latter age, if then desired, in exchange for the above sum?

Name

Address

Occupation

188

Full Particulars on Application and Forms of Proposal for effecting Assurances, may be had from—

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A., Manager and Actuary,

Albert Building, Bombay,

or any of the Agents of the Company.

* This may be altered to 40, 45, 55, or 60.

HURJEEMULL & COMPANY,

BY APPOINTMENT TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR AND H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.

INDIAN JEWELLERS AND SHAWL MERCHANTS.

DIAMOND JEWELLERY OF

Artistic Design and superior finish, consisting of Diamond Tiaras of Brilliant Stars in all sizes; Diamond spray Brooches, Earrings, Bracelets, &c.. &c. Prices on application.

RAMPART ROW, AND MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

PERRIER JOUET & CO.'S

"B." BRAND

CHAMPAGNE,

in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.

LYON & CO., Sole Agents, Bombay.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being a reprint of two letters to the *Bombay Gazette* and a Lecture by

F. BEAUCLERK.

Price 8 Annas,

CAN BE HAD AT

THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
„ THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta.
„ HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

"NEOSOTE."

"DISINFECTANT POWDER."

DISCOVERED by MESSRS. W. BAIRD and Co. of Glasgow, and much sought after as a valuable and powerful Disinfectant.

This Powder contains in the same volume more Antiseptic than ordinary 20 per cent. powders, and the low price renders it beyond competition.

Price of one cwt. Cask delivered free at the Bombay Stations. Rs. 5½.

AGENTS:—

ROGERS & Co.

Hummum Street, Fort.

HAND BOOK OF GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,

BEING a compilation of decisions, &c., on questions regarding giras, wanta and other guaranteed rights with an introductory account of the settlements in Kathiawad, Mahikantha and Rewa-Kantha, together with Appendixes and a copious Index."

To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay. The Gujarat Vernacular Society, Ahmedabad.

PRICE..... Rs. 6.

Packing & Postage Extra.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS.

warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains for it removes the cause from

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Imperial Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	6 pr. ct.	230
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	975
Bank of Madras	16,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	915
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	125
Charter Bank	40,000	500	500	7 pr. ct.	623
Char. Mercantile	20,000	625	625	5 pr. ct.	380
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	68,000	$125	all	17½ pr.ct.	..
National Bank of India	37,300	625	612½	5 pr. ct.	160
New Oriental Bank	50,000	500	all	6 pr. ct.	160

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	7	1,050xd
Albert Ginning Co	160	500	all	18 pr. ct.	..
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	450
Apollo	750	2,400	2,250	'Nil.	815
Apollo	750	2,400	2,250	'Nil.	935
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	400
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	20	167½
Bombay National Manufg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	..	505
Brandt Cawasjee Press Co. Ld.	200	200	200	16	90
Colaba	500	1,250	1,250	45 dvd	355xd
East India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,325
English Press and Manfg.	120	..	..	..	..
Fort	400	250	..	Rs. 20	180
French	545	8,500	8,500	150	1,050
Harvey and Sabaughe	200	500	all	20	510xd
Hoegh Press Co., Ld.	450	450	450	30	450
Khansaum	780	100	all	..	165
Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	240	450	450	54	405
Mercantile	300	500	500	pr. ct.	500
Mofussil Co	1,000	125	125	10	60xd
Munmar M	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	432½
New Berar	1,000	250	all	Rs. 15	165
New Indian	1,200	500	500	45	535
Prince of Wales	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	95
Sabapathy (Bellary)	660	500	500	40	200xd
Sassoon	200	500	50	120	500
Sind and Punjab Co.	300	500	500	2	500
Sind	100	1,000	1,000	25	1,175
Sorab Woollen Mills	400	2,000	750	50	510
Volkart	1,200	250	250	..	210
	..	1,000		Rs. 80	665xd

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly	
Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	90	1400
Alliance	12,500	1,000	all	20	465
Anglo-Indian	2,345	100	100	2	71
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	? pr. ct.	500
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	600
Bombay Cotton Manfg Co	800	500	500	20	260xd
Central India	3,750	500	500	65	925
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	885
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	Rs. 25	530
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	20	590
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	455
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 20	470
Dhun Mills	10,000	1,000	1,000	50	725
Empress	2,100	500	all	Rs. 25	525
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	15	450
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	100
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	770
Hinguphat Mill	700	500	500	40	680
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	25	520
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	755
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	..	350
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	870 xd
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	Rs. 25	530
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	345
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	[1,200	250	250	10	225
Jewraj Balco.	1,000	1,000	1,000	25	760xd
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	550
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	30	615
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil.	200 nom
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	560
Leopold	3,500	100	100	Rs. 10	173
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	825
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	1,900 x
Mahalaxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	320
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulbarga)	2,400	500	500	pr. ct.	500 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	Rs. 50	1,160
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	0	110
Morarji Gocul das	1,000	1,000	1,000	70	1,570xd
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
National	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	175
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	20	625
Oriental	5,725	625	625	10	360
People of India	1,000	250	250	Nil.	10
Presidency Mills Co(Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	35	1,040 x
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,400
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,305
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Nil.	390
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	120
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12	262½
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,200	250	250	Nil.	220
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	540
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Nil.	380
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	24	360
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	675
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	690
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1,030
Lord Reay Mfg.	445	1,000	1,000	20	620

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	..	£100	All	5 p.c.	2,400
P. B. & C. I. R. New £18 Shares	..	£18	..	do.	400

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last half-yearly.	
Alcock Ashdown	4,000	200	200	10	213½
	750	150	150	7½	160
Back Bay Baths	600	50	50	12	90
Badhan Pile	5,000	100	100	12	90
Bapty Bros	(6,625	200	135	18	40
Bazar Oil Mills Co., Limited.	1,250	100	All.	Nil.	100 nom
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	70	750
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	135	3,425
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	33½	855
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	5	97
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	6 pr. ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mills	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	815
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	20
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	400
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills.	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	177½
Empire Fire Insurance	5,000	5,000	1,000	7½ pr. ct.	1,000
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	70	..	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety-Ship Assn.	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	11½
Indian Fire Insurance Co	250	4,000	1,000	90	1,100
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	75 exd
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	20½	285
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	80
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	45
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 5	70
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	50
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	..	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	180
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr. ct.	70
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	362½
Prince of Wales Fireln.	250	10,000	1,000	N dvd	1,775
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	..	63
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	80
Southwell and Austin	1,000	100	100 & 20	..	70
Thacker and Co	2,000	500	all	35	980
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	95
Telephone Co.	9,200	125	25	5-8	11½
Western India Flour	..	..	..	..	16

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs.	21-11
China Leaf	=	21-12
Pekin Bar Gold, New	=	21 nom.
Do. Old	=	21-8 "
Australian Bar Gold 999 touch	=	13-10
English Sovereigns	=	13-6-6
Do. Dragons	=	13-6
Bar Silver 17 Setteenes	=	100-7
Bar Silver 17 Do.	=	100-10
Spruce Silver	=	100

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Distribution of Prizes, St. Mary's College, 5-30 p.m.
Music at the Yacht Club, 5-45 p.m.
Music at the Esplanade Bandstand, 5-45 p.m.
Auction Sale of the Imperial Flour Mills, at Messrs. Nanu and Hormusjee's, Meadows Street, 3 p.m.
Football by Moonlight, 8-45 p.m.
Columbia Skating Rink.

FAIR.—The annual fair, in honor of Shaik Misri, will be held at Matoonga, during the next three days.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.—The statement of traffic for the week ending 22nd November, 1890, shows a decrease of Rs. 81,434, in the total earnings.

FOOTBALL BY MOONLIGHT.—A moonlight game will be played this evening, at 8-45, on the Cooperage, by the Rovers' Football Club. All members are requested to attend.

REPORTED THEFT.—Hakim Mir Syed Ali Guffoor, residing at Grant Road, reports that his premises were broken into on Tuesday night, and Rs. 118 in cash and currency notes stolen therefrom.

ACCIDENT ON BOARD-SHIP.—Baba Shaik Ebram, stoker on board the s. s. Europa, was on Tuesday, conveyed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, having had his right hand crushed by some machinery on board the vessel.

THE CHARGE OF CHEATING AGAINST CAPTAIN NORMAN.—The case against Captain Charles Norman for cheating, which was fixed for hearing yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, has been postponed *sine die*, owing to the accused being still confined to the Jail Hospital, and unable to attend.

DEFAULTING GHARIWALLAS.—Superintendent Grennan, at the Girgaum Police Court, yesterday charged Vuzeer Maniji, with plying his ghari for hire without license. He was fined Rs. 2 and two others were fined 8 annas each, the one for carrying an excess number of passengers, and the other for plying at the licensed stand.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Joti Kedari, a grocer, at Falkland Road, Khetwadi, yesterday, at the Police Girgaum Court, before Mr. Hamilton charged Dhondi Babajee, his servant, with the theft, on the 25th instant, of 2½ seers cocoanut-oil, worth 5 annas. Accused admitted the theft, and was sentenced to three days' rigorous imprisonment.

SERIOUS BURNING ACCIDENT.—A Hindu girl, named Janoo, aged 10 years, residing at Lalwadi, tried to light a fire on Tuesday evening by pouring kerosine oil on smouldering embers, the result was a sudden flame sprang up setting fire to her clothes. The poor girl was very seriously burned, and was immediately removed to the J. J. Hospital.

FATAL CARRIAGE ACCIDENT.—An old woman, named Rabee, aged 60 years, was knocked down by a waggonette, near Crawford Market, on the 18th instant, and injured severely She was at once removed to the Goculdas Hospital, where it was ascertained several bones were fractured. The poor woman's injuries were at once attended to, but she died shortly after.

FRAMJI DINSHAW PETIT LIBRARY OF GRANT COLLEGE LYON SOCIETY.—The following gentlemen having presented the above library the donations marked against their names are elected life-members of the said Library :—Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart., Rs. 150 ; Nusserwanji Maneckji Petit, Esq., Rs. 150 ; Bomonji Dinshaw Petit, Esq., Rs. 100 ; Shah Jadowji Kumulsey, Esq., Rs. 100 ;—total Rs. 500.

TIRED OF BOTH WIFE AND LIFE.—At the Girgaum Police Court, before Mr. Hamilton, a young Hindu hawker, named Ramja Dhumja, was charged with attempting to commit suicide. Accused pleaded that he wished to die as he could not live with his quarrelsome wife. He therefore ate four annas worth of opium. It being discovered, however, what he had done he was taken to the J. J. Hospital. He was sentenced to three days' simple imprisonment.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The following programme of music will be played this evening, at the Yacht Club, by the B. B. and C. I. Band, at 5-45 :—

March	Daring ..... Newton.
Overture	Patience ..... Godfrey.
Valse	Joie Envolie ..... Waldteufel.
Potpourie	A Musical Tour through Europe ..... Conrad.
Song	Cradle ..... Lange.
Galop	Wirr-warr ..... Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUSIC ON THE ESPLANADE.—The Band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles will perform the following programme, at the Esplanade Bandstand, at 5-45 p.m. this evening :—

Overture	La Neige ..... Auber.
Valse	La Source ..... Waldteufel.
Selection	Madame Favart ..... Offenbach.
Galop	The Bayley ..... Briggs.
Selection	The Pirates of Penzance ... Sullivan.
Quadrille	London Life ..... Coote.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

DISPUTE ABOUT A HIRED PIANO.—Yesterday, at the Court of Small Causes before Mr. Hart, Chief Judge, Messrs. Soundy and Co., brought a suit against Mr. C. F. De Menezies, ex-Vice Portuguese Consul, Bombay, for the recovery of Rs. 548, being the balance due for a tri-chord iron-bound piano, valued at Rs. 776. The instrument was sold to the defendant on the hire system, stipulating for twenty-three monthly instalments of Rs. 33-12 each, only three instalments of which were paid up to date. There was also a probability of the defendant proceeding to Brazil on permanent appointment. A decree was passed in favour of the plaintiffs for the amount claimed and court costs.

BIG MEN AND LITTLE WIT.—Before Mr. Cooper, yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, Narayen Heerjee, a tall Bania, standing about 6 ft. 4 in. high, was charged with obstruction at Broach Street, Frere Road, on the 14th inst. The prisoner, it seems, had placed three cooking stoves on the footpath, which obstructed people passing by. The Bania, in defence, said he placed the stoves there as there was a large public dinner for his guests on the premises, but he did not think at the time that it would cause obstruction. His Worship informed him that he had rendered himself liable to a fine of Rs. 50, and was certainly big enough to have known that he was not in the right at the time, without being checked by the sepoy. Defendant was discharged with a warning, this being his first offence.

A RIGHT OF OWNERSHIP DISPUTE.—At the Girgaum Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. Hamilton, a charge and counter-charge of assault, the result of a dispute about right to the occupancy of a house, in Kamatipoora, was heard. The parties in the first case were Limbabai, a woman, against Biku Gunaji and his two sons, and in the second Biku Gunaji against Limbabai, Jaya Karadi Lingu, a member of the Municipal Corporation, his servant, and four others. Mr. Dharyawan, Solicitor, appeared for Limbabai, and Mr. DeSouza for the opposing party. The house it appeared belonged to Ellubai, the sister of Mr. Shivaji Dhurmaji, who died last December, and now Limbabai, Mr. Dhurmaji's sister-in-law, disputes possession with Mr. Dhurmaji. Letters of administration were granted to Mr. Dhurmaji, in the face of which Limbabai is said to have forcibly ejected one of his tenants, taking possession herself. The accused in the first charge were discharged, and in the second the servant of the second accused was fined Rs. 10.

OBSTRUCTING NAVIGATION IN THE HARBOUR.—Hurry Fakeera, a barge tindal, yesterday appeared before Mr. Cooper, at the Esplanade Police Court, charged at the instance of Mr. Michael Frederick Peters, master of the Port Trust tug Princess, with obstructing the navigation of the tug and the s.s. Mayfield while the latter was being towed into the Prince's Dock. The evidence showed that the prisoner's boat ran in front of the tug's course on the night of the 24th, about two hundred yards from the dock entrance. It was a bright moonlight night and though the master of the tug called out to the tindal to keep clear, the latter paid no heed, but kept on his course. The consequence was that the barge bore down almost alongside the tug's larboard bows, which compelled the master to reverse engines in order to avoid collision. The prisoner, whose conduct had been observed by the water police, was taken into custody. His defence was that he did not obstruct the piloting of the tug, but sailed across her stern. His Worship, however, said that the prisoner must have seen the Mayfield going into dock and the danger-lights at the dock entrance. Instead of lowering his sail when he was called out to, he allowed the tide to drift his barge across the passage of the tug. He therefore fined him Rs. 10.

DEATH OF THE REV. T. CARSS.—A home paper announces the death on Oct. 20 from congestion of the lungs, at the age of 53, of the Rev. T. Carss, who for the past two years has been Curate at St. Michael's, Bath. Mr. Carss, who was a native of Berwick-on-Tweed, and was trained at the Church Missionary College, Islington, in which he afterwards became tutor, had laboured in India for many years, under the auspices of the Church Missionary Society. He went out as Vice-Principal, succeeding subsequently to the post of Principal, of the Robert Money School at Bombay, with which he was connected for more than twenty years. After the death of his wife he returned to England, when he received from the Archbishop of Canterbury the honorary degree of M. A., having some years previously been admitted a Fellow of the University of Bombay. His first charge on his return to England was as curate to Canon Carus, on whose death he came to Bath. Mr. Carss had been in ill-health for some time, but faithfully performed his parochial work till within a few days of his death, one of his last duties being to officiate at the recent Volunteer funeral in St. Michael's Cemetery. During his short stay in Bath he had made many friends. The funeral took place at noon on Tuesday, Oct. 28, in St. Michael's Cemetery, Lower Weston.

THE THEFT AT THE MARKET LINES.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Inspector Standford charged on remand Babaji Vishram and two others, the first with the theft of a watch and chain, valued at Rs. 15, and his accomplices with abetment of the offence, before Mr. Richardson. The property belonged to Conductor William Smith, of the Bombay Ordnance Department, residing at the Market Lines, and the circumstances of the theft, which was committed at mid-night have already appeared in these columns. His Worship, in framing the charges against the prisoners, reminded the first accused that his act of entering the complainant's house at midnight was a most serious offence. He convicted him on his (the prisoner's) own admission and the evidence adduced. Considering that he had already been previously convicted by Mr. Hamilton, he now sentenced him to undergo two years' rigorous imprisonment. The second prisoner was convicted for assisting in disposing of the stolen property from his having gone with the accused to the Jubilee Mills, where they both obtained a rupee on the security of the watch, and then shared the money at a liquor-shop. He committed him to jail for a term of eighteen months' hard labour. As there was no evidence against the third prisoner to warrant his conviction he discharged him.

IN SOLVENT DEBTORS COURT.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Bayley presided at a sitting of the court yesterday, when the following, among other matters, were disposed of :—

RE GOOLAM HOOSEIN MEYA JAN.

Mr. Russell, on behalf of the insolvent, moved for a month's adjournment. Mr. Lang, who represented a creditor, had no objection ; and the adjournment asked for was granted.

RE KESHAVJEE TOOLSEYDAS AND ANOTHER.

Mr. Basil Scott, for the insolvent, asked for a postponement till the 17th December, which was granted with leave to the insolvent to amend his schedule.

RE RAMNARAYEN LACHMANDAS.

Mr. Manker, for Jairam Goodamull, a petitioning creditor, applied that the above-named persons be adjudicated insolvents. The order of adjudication was made.

RE EDWARD MULRONEY.

On the application of Mr. Manker, the insolvent, who is stationed at Egutpuri on the G. I. P. Railway, was granted an interim order.

RE WILFRED LAFRENAIS.

On the application of the same learned counsel, this insolvent also was granted an interim order.

RE VENKATRAO VIGNESHWAR SHASTRI.

On the application of the same counsel, the insolvent was granted an extension of his interim order, with leave to amend the schedule.

RE PREMCHAND DOWLATRAM.

Mr. Russell moved for an interim order for the insolvent. Mr. Manker, for a creditor, opposed on the ground that the petition had already been dismissed before. The insolvent, after filing his schedule, had neglected for eighteen months to prosecute it ; and on the application of Mr. Manker's client, the petition was dismissed. Lately the insolvent, after fraudulently transferring or otherwise disposing of his house in Ahmedabad, returned here, and, filing his schedule, continued his business as heretofore with Tribhowandas Dayaram and others. He had also obtained money on loan and had not accounted for it to the Official Assignee. Rule 20 was clear on the point that an insolvent could not file a fresh petition without first giving notice to his creditors ; and as the rule had not been complied with, the learned counsel asked that the present petition be dismissed.

His Lordship said all he had to do in the present case was to see if the insolvent was entitled to the indulgence of an interim order. He has had leave to file his schedule, and in that manner had partially complied with rule 20.

Mr. Manker, in answer to the court, said the insolvent has had an interim order before, and having obtained an indulgence, had managed to prolong the matter for eighteen months. He was arrested yesterday ; and if he were released, there was every probability of his doing the same thing over again.

Mr. Russell admitted that the house, as alleged by the opposition, had been sold, but the proceeds were accounted for in the schedule. Insolvent was trying to get his books from his partner. What the learned counsel would ask for was only a limited, and not an indefinite interim order, say for three weeks or a month. Insolvent was at present in jail, where he could do nothing.

His lordship granted an interim order for three weeks.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—NOVEMBER 23.

Hobbert, Col, R A, to join, from England.
Dallas, Capt, By, R A, on duty, from Aden.

NOVEMBER 26.

Armstrong, Surgn-Major, By, M S, from Kirkee.
Greig, 2nd Lieut, Bl, Rl Muns-Fus, on sick leave, from Lucknow.
Nisbet, C I E, Col, Bl, Pol-Dept, on furlough, from Lahore.
Hojel, Surg, By, I M S, off civil duty.

DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 22.

Mainwaring, Major, Bl, Rl Welsh Fus, to England.
Windham, Lieut, By, Marine Battn, on duty, to Poona.

NOVEMBER 25.

Jennings, Capt, By, R E, Battn, on duty, to Poona.

NOVEMBER 26.

Smurthwaite, Lieut, By, 3rd B L I, on duty, to Satara.
Thatcher, Capt, D A A Gl, for Musketry, on inspection duty, to Bhuj.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY, COMMANDING B. V. RIFLES.

Bombay, 27th November, 1890.

1. The Regiment will parade on Saturday, the 29th instant, at 4-45 p.m. at the Cruickshank Road end of the Parade Ground. Red uniform, helmets, arms and accoutrements. Members who are at the tram terminus at Colaba, Parel Road, Grant Road and Girgaum, at 3-50 p.m., and those met on the way will have their fares paid. Members defraying their own fares will be refunded the amount on applying after parade to the Instructors and producing their tram tickets.

Cadets will conveyed in Special Tram Cars on Saturday, the 29th instant as follows :—

Byculla School and Byculla Scottish School.—Two single cars leave Victoria Gardens, at 3-50 p.m.

St. Mary's School.—One double and one single car leave Victoria Gardens, at 3-50 p.m.

2. The Range at Coorla is now available daily for class-firing as well as practice. Recruits are requested to do their class-firing before Christmas.

3. The following Member having joined is taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to " E" Coy. No. 2950 Vol A. D'Costa

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1. There will be parade at the Kennedy Sea Face on Thursday, the 27th instant, at 6-45 a.m.

By Order,
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain and Adjutant, B. V. Rifles.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON, COMMANDING B. V. ARTILLERY.

Bombay, 27th November 1890.

I.—On Saturday next, the 29th instant the Battery will parade at the Apollo Bunder, at 4-15 p.m. and proceed to "Oyster Rock" Fort for drill at the 10" R. M. L. Guns. Dress :—" Drill Order."

II.—The following drills will take place this week :—

Evening Drill.—at 6-30 p.m. there will be Carbine drill at Head-quarters.

Morning drills.—Friday, the 28th instant, there will be Gun drill in the Arsenal Compound.

III.—There will be class firing at Coorla, on Friday the 28th instant. Train leaves the Victoria Terminus at 5-30 a.m. (Local Time) and Byculla 10 minutes later.

IV.—The following members having joined are taken on the strength of the Battery from the 25th instant and posted to the following Subdivision :—No. 135 Gunner W. B. Stokes to No. 1 Subdivision ; No. 136 Gunner T. N. Wright to No. 3 Subdivision.

By Order,
(Sd.) A. LESLIE, Capt. Acting Adjutant, B. V. A.

THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

CENTRAL MEETING, 1890.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Nov. 25.

MATCH XXXIX.—THE MUSKETRY CUP.

PRESENTED by the Musketry Inspection Staff. Open to teams of six from any Corps, British Army or Volunteers, in the Presidency. Entrance, Rs. 25 per team. Distances, 500 and 800 yards. M.-H. or M.-H.C. 1st prize. The Cup to be held for the year by the winning team, and to become the property of any Regiment or Corps winning it three years, two of which must have been in succession ; 2nd prize, Rs. 30 to the highest aggregate individual score.

	Points
2nd Lancashire Fusiliers	326
Poona Volunteer Rifles	316
1st Worcestershire Regiment	311
1st Royal Fusiliers	290
B B & C I Railway Volunteers	279
2nd Royal Lancaster Regiment	260

Highest aggregate individual score—Lce.-Sergt. Conyers, B. B. & C. I. Railway Volunteers, 61 points.

MATCH LXX.—THE MERCHANTS' PRIZES.

Open to the' Native Army. Entrance, Re. 1. Distances 200 and 400 yards. M.-H. or S. List of prizes to be published later on.

	200 yds.	400 yds.	Total.
Hav Unker Bhujwa, 23rd Bo Inf	32	33	65
Hav Deoset, 10th Bo Inf	28	34	62
Hav Balsat Jadge, 23rd Bo Inf	29	33	62
Sub Mirza Mahomed Beg, 9th Bo Inf.	28	33	61
Jem Goostan de Souza, 9th Bo Inf	29	32	61
Pte Mangal Sing, 3rd Bo Inf	29	32	61
Jem Sakh Mehtar, 2nd Grens	31	30	61
Jem Govind Tuluska, 2nd Grens	29	32	61
Jem Hanwati Utekar, 2nd Grens	25	35	60
Pte Atmaram Ahir, 5th Bo Inf	31	29	60
Naik Shaik Imam, 9th Bo Inf	24	35	59
Naik Kesar Singh, 5th Bo Cav	25	34	59
Pte Ramnac Ragnac, 26th Bo Inf	25	34	59
Naik Shaikh Adam, 7th Bo Inf	30	29	59
Lce-Naik Sakroo Tawker, 7th Bo Inf..	29	30	59

MATCH LVI.—THE ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S PRIZE.

Open to Officers only. Unlimited entries. Entrance, Rs. 4 for first entry, Rs. 2 each subsequent entry, 500 yards. 1st prize, a Cup presented by Major-General C. B. Knowles, C.B., late Adjutant-General of the Bombay Army. 2nd prize, Rs. 40 ; 3rd prize, Rs. 25 ; 4th prize, Rs. 15 ; and 5th prize, 10.

	Points.
Lieut Young, Worc Regt	33
Major Lyster, 14th Bo Inf	31
Lieut Stack, 3rd Bo Cav	29
Col Carrington, Worc Regt	29
Lieut Cunningham, 1st Bo Grens	27
Lieut Brownrigg, 28th Pioneers	17

MATCH LVII.—THE CZAREWITCH.

Unlimited entries. Open to the British Army and Volunteers (Officers excepted). Entrance, Rs. 1½ for first entry, one rupee for each subsequent entry. 500 yards, 1st prize, Rs. 30 ; 2nd, Rs. 25 ; 3rd Rs. 15 ; 4th, Rs. 10 ; and 5th and 6th, Rs. 5 each.

	Points.
Vol J Hudson, Poona Vols	30
Sergt-Instr Rooke, Sind Vols	30
Corpl Mungavin, Sind Vols	29
Sergt Richards, 18th Hussars	29
Sergt Kitchen, 2nd Roy Lan Regt	28
Pte Carman, 2nd Roy Lan Regt	23

SECOND DAY.—TUESDAY.

MATCH XLIII.—THE VOLUNTEER CUP.

Given by the G. I. P. R., the B. B. and C. I. R., the Bombay, and the Poona Volunteers. Open to teams of six from these Volunteer Corps and from any British Regiment in the Bombay Presidency. Entrance, Volunteers, Rs. 6 per team ; Regiments, Rs. 26 per team. Distances, 200 and 600 yards. Prize Rs. 200 (Rs. 50 being each of the above mentioned Volunteer Corps), together with entrance fees, less Rs. 6 per team for expenses.

	200 yds.	600 yds.	Total.
1st Worcestershire Regiment	182	173	355
1st Royal Fusiliers	189	165	354
2nd Lancashire Fusiliers	165	162	327
1st Loyal North Lancashire Regt	168	151	319
Poona Volunteer Rifles	167	148	315
B B and C I Railway Vol	157	156	313
G I P Railway Vol	162	147	309
Bombay Volunteer Rifles	161	142	303
2nd Royal Lancaster Regiment	154	142	296

Names of the Winning Team, Worcestershire Regiment, and their scores :—

	200 yds.	600 yds.	Total.
Col-Sergt A Whitty	28	33	61
" Turner	28	30	58
" G Mann	32	23	55
" J Fraser	32	26	58
Col E Carrington	30	30	60
Qr Mr J Young	32	31	63

MATCH LXIII (A).—THE NAPIER MEMORIAL CHALLENGE SHIELD.

Open to teams of eight of any rank from any Corps of the Bombay Native Army. Entrance, Rs. 30 per team. Distances, 400 and 500 yards, aggregate, 1st prize, the Napier Memorial Challenge Shield, value £100, and a Cup value Rs. 200 ; 2nd prize, Rs. 30 to the best aggregate individual score. The Shield to be competed for annually, and never to become the property of any team.

	Points.
9th Bombay Infantry	496
22nd Bombay Infantry	482
7th Bombay Infantry	480
5th Bombay Light Infantry	475
28th Bombay Pioneers	474
23rd Bombay Infantry	468
2nd (P W O) Bo Grenadiers	466
26th Bombay Infantry	464
3rd Bombay Light Infantry	459
10th Bombay Light Infantry	433
1st Bombay Grenadiers	431
19th Bombay Infantry	418

Highest individual aggregate score—Hav. Shaikh Kurreem, 9th Bo Inf, 66 points.

The winning team, 9th Bo Inf :—

	400 yds.	500 yds.	Total.
Sub Mirza Mahomed Beg	32	29	61
Jem Coostan de Souza	33	31	64
Hav Krishnaji Kadam	32	31	63
Hav Shaikh Kurreem	35	31	66
Hav Shaikh Abdul Kadir	34	27	61
Naik Shaikh Imam	34	27	61
Naik Goonajee Mohitay	34	25	59
Naik Jackie De Souza	34	27	61

MATCH XLVI.—P. B. R. A. SILVER MEDAL.

Distances 500 and 800 yards. Open to first fifty in Matches X, XI, and XII, at Local Meetings. 1st prize, the Silver Medal and Rs. 50 ; 2nd, Rs 35 ; 3rd Rs 30 ; 4th, 5th, and 6th, Rs 25 each ; 7th, 8th, and 9th Rs. 20 each ; 10th, 11th, and 12th, Rs 15 each ; and 13th, 14th and 15th, Rs 10 each.

	500 yds.	800 yds.	Total.
Col Sergt Whitty, Worc Regt	31	31	62
Corpl Freeman, G I P R Vols	32	30	62
Pte Eastw

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

POCKET ANEROIDS, or Barometers, measuring altitudes from 10 to 20,000 feet, in nickel silver and standard silver cases, shape and size of a Watch, at Rs. 25, Rs. 30, Rs. 35, Rs. 40, Rs. 55, Rs. 65 to Rs. 130.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Opticians, Bombay and Poona.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL is now situated on the summit of the Hill. Largest Upper Storied BUNGALOW in the neighbourhood. Open all round. Large and airy rooms. Excellent cable. Conveyances to meet passengers by every train. Apply, PROPRIETOR, Gymkhana Hotel, Lanowli.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED. —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to H. E. Lord Reay, late Governor of Bombay.

YOUNG ENGLISH GENTLEMAN, just out, would be glad to join CHUMMERY in Fort. "X." care of this Office.

BUNGALOW, WANTED, Malabar Hill or Cumballa Hill. Four bedrooms.—" B," care of this Office.

WANTED, 1st Class ENGINEER for a small steamer in January. Salary Rs. 200, rising to Rs. 250. Apply to "G," care of this Paper.

HOTEL "CRESCENTE" (PANGIM) GOA.—Enlarged and renovated, with every comfort and accommodation, to meet the wants of Europeans.—TERMS MODERATE. Apply to Messrs. A. M. GOMES and SONS, of Pangim, Goa.

CURIOSITIES FOR THE EXPOSITION of ST. FRANCIS XAVIER'S BODY.—Beautiful SOUVENIRS, like Crosses, Reliquiaries, Rosaries, Lockets, Medals, little Albums and Microscopical Views of Convents, suitable for Devotees and others. Very cheap. Apply to Messrs. A. M. GOMES and SONS, of Pangim, Goa.

AUCTION SALE To-day of the Imperial Flour Mills at Messrs. Nanu and Hormusjee's, Solicitors, Meadow Street, Fort.

ON VIEW.—MR. R. V. REID'S Valuable Furniture, Glass and Crockery Ware, &c., at Green Street, Fort, next to the Bank of Bombay, on the top floor of Messrs. Tod, Durrant and Co.

JUST UNPACKED, a large variety of Chocolate and Chocolate Creams, Chocolate Almonds, Nougat and Nougatine, Christmas and New Year's Cards, from ½ Anna to 20 Rs. English and French Sweets, Toys, Dolls, Ices, Wines, Spirits of the best quality to be had at the VIENNA CONFECTIONER, 25, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION. —An ADJOURNED MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office, on THURSDAY, the 27th inst., at 3 p. m.

PONY AND CART.—A BARGAIN, on View at Great Western Hotel. Fine Chesnut Pony, with well-made Cart. English Axles, Wheels, &c. Cost Rs. 300, 3 months ago. BENNETT'S SALE, SATURDAY, Nov. 29th.

SUPERIOR CEYLON TEA.—Rose Pekoe, Re. 1-8 ; Flower Orange Pekoe, Re. 1-4 ; Orange Pekoe, Re. 1 ; Pekoe, Annas 14 ; Pekoe Souchong, Annas 12 ; Souchong, Annas 10 per lb. These teas are highly appreciated by those who try them.—DANTRA & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

CHEAPEST DEPOT of Brazilian Pebble SPECTACLES, FOLDERS, etc., fitted on the latest scientific method. Gold framed from Re. 14 to Rs. 18, metal framed Rs. 3 and upwards. GOLD JEWELLERIES can be had ready or made to order.—DINSHAW M. DUSTUR, Oculist-Optician, 93, Medow St., Fort (opposite Soundy and Co).

WILLIAM COOPER, LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, undertakes to execute Visiting, Wedding and Menu Cards, Ball Programmes, Share Certificates, Mill Labels, &c. Works guaranteed. European finish at rates to suit all.

TABLE D'HOTE at PEARSE'S, from 1 to 3 p.m. TIFFIN, Re. 1. At private table, 8 As. per Plate. Tea or Coffee 2 As. per Cup.—7, Church Gate Street.

FIRE BRICKS and FIRE CLAY for sale. Prices very moderate. Apply, JAMES H. LATIMER & Co., 40, Forbes Street, Bombay.

FULL SIZE COTTON BALING PRESS with Hydraulic Pumps, &c., Complete FOR SALE, by Dobson and Barlow, Bolton. Apply for Particulars and Price to MANAGER, Bone and Cotton Cleaning Mills, Thanna

A EUROPEAN LADY wishes to give Tuition Daily in English (6th Standard) Parisian, French, Music, Singing. Highest Testimonials. Address "93" care of this Office.

POONA HOTEL, POONA, is a first-class Upper Storied Hotel in Poona. It is most centrally situated. Rooms bright, airy and commodious. Each family has a separate Sitting room. Terms moderate.

RIPON HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR.— Open from October. Most central situation. Best accommodation and first-class cuisine. Rooms facing west.—Cook's Hotel Coupons accepted.

RUPEES 100 REWARD.—LOST on Wednesday morning, in or near the Victoria Gardens, a crystal case WATCH, with brilliants round the rim attached to two crossed arrows, with a dove of brilliants in the centre for fastening to the dress. Apply to E. A. S. SANS SOUCI, Byculla.

FOR SALE, COTTON and LEATHER BELTINGS. Single 1" at 4", and double 4" at 6". Apply to the GODOWN-KEEPER, Messrs. N. P. NATHAN'S SONS, 71, Apollo Street.

BROWN OXFORD SHOES Rs. 10-8, Brown Lace Boots Rs. 12-8, Boots and Shoes of every description.—BADHAM, PILE and Co., Ld., Bombay.

THE only Firm who REPAIRS Celestinas, Aristons, Phoenix and all Sorts of Hand Organs, and keep all spare repairing and tuning materials in Stock.—STEFFENAUER & Co., Fort, Bombay.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! —The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding, Festivities, &c., Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

STONEY'S PATENT "SILENT" PUNKAH PULLEYS, perfectly noiseless, in stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Engineer, Marine Street, Bombay.

AIR GUNS, capital for Target practice and small Game. Smaller size Rs. 35, Larger size Rs. 50. Complete with pellets and darts. Polished Walnut Case to lock, Rs. 5 extra.—GEYER & Co., Ld., Bombay.

PIANOS FOR SALE.—A number of Pianos lately returned from Hire, and are being sold at low rates to clear. All iron framed instruments, specially made for India. S. ROSE and Co., 33, Rampart Row, Bombay

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, &c., Apply "P.," care of this Office.

BOMBAY GAZETTE DAILY.—Rs. 48 for one year ; 25 for 6 months ; 13 for 3 months ; Rs. 5 per month in advance, postage extra.

WONDERFULLY CHEAP, CHEAPEST EVER OFFERED small decent travelling TIMEPIECES, fitted in a nice morrocco velvet lined case, with lever movements, guaranteed to keep perfect time. Price, Rs. 6 only.—JEHANGIR C. COWASJEE, Watchmaker and Jeweller, 97, Medows Street.

A. B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whisky and Highland Whisky, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

EXTRACTS out of numerous TESTIMONIALS of BATLIWALA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE :—Very Rev. B. Fernandes, Vicar da Vara :—It is most efficacious. E. M. Morris, Esq., Tunnel Works, Gollkera :—It is a diamond drop to a man dying with Malarious Fever. Surgeon-Major M. E. Reporter, Cannanore :—All the cases tried upon have recovered.—Send your orders to Dr. H. L. Batliwala Dadur, Bombay. May also be had at Kemp and Co., Phillips and Co., &c., at Re. 1.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail. 28 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged ; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription £1. If per year including postage.

HUTCHINSON & CO.,

EAST INDIA MERCHANTS AND AGENTS,

25, Craven Street, Charing Cross, London.

CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed of.

Indents executed with care and promptitude.

Passages booked by all lines of Steamers.

All agency business undertaken.

WALERS ! WALERS !! WALERS !!!

TO ARRIVE at Bombay, about 16th December, a shipment of 300 HORSES selected by the well known importer, C. G. BALDOCK, consisting of up standing carriage pairs up to 16·2 high weight, carrying Hacks and Chargers. Also some well broken single HARNESS HORSES. As these horses are not to be submitted to the Tramway Company, purchasers will have the advantage of selecting from a lot from which the best horses have not been taken. For further information, apply to Messrs. R. SCOTT & CO., Girgaum.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical Surveying, Drawing, Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical appliances, as Expeditiously and Cheaply as any firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of public patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in the full confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory manner and guaranteed.

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

FOLDING CAMP BEDS.

In Wood or Iron with best double woven.

WIRE SPRING MATTRESSES COMBINED.

Light and durable and a splendid Bed for SHIKARIES.—A fresh supply received by

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld.,

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,

DENTAL SURGEON.

18 Years in Practice.

No. 19, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY,

OPPOSITE TO CURRENCY BANK.

SWIFT AND FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.,

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST,

NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL"

Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government stamp. Insist on having those and none other.

AGENTS WANTED.

BUGGY, SHIGRAM AND VICTORIA FARES,

With an Alphabetical Index of Buildings and Places mentioned in the Fare list,

with number of Stands, &c.,

Complete and easy reference.

Size 3 inches by 4½ inches.

To be easily carried in the waistcoat pocket.

Cloth Limp Cover.

Price, Annas 4.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE OF THE IMPERIAL FLOUR MILLS AT CHINCHPOOGHLY.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 27th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will, under instructions from the voluntary Liquidators of the Imperial Flour Mills Company, Ld., sell by Public Auction at the offices of Messrs. Nanu and Hormusjee, Solicitors, No. 89, Medows Street, Fort, in one lot, without reserve :—

All that piece or parcel of freehold land, admeasuring about 11,780 square yards, together with the buildings, godowns, outhouses, tanks, engine and boilers, and new flour mill machinery of the best makers, Messrs. Ganz and Company, Limited, of Buda-Pesth, erected and standing thereon, and known by the name of The Imperial Flour Mills Company, Limited. Inspection of the mill building, Flour Mill machinery, &c., &c., can be obtained daily between the hours of 1 and 4 p. m., on application to the Liquidators at their office, No. 40, Forbes Street.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Nanu and Hormusjee, Solicitors, or to the liquidators at their office, No. 40, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 27th instant, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, twist, &c.

1 case colored handkerchieves
1 „ Turkey red dresses
2 „ Turkey red cambrics
2 „ white doria and nansooks
4 „ „ shirtings
3 „ „ handkerchieves
1 „ brown half hose
4 „ Turkey red prints
3 „ colored piece-goods fents

On account and at the risk of Vulubjee Pragjee—
14 bales grey dhooties.

AUCTION SALE OF RAILWAY PLANT STORES, &c. &c, AT THE B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY COMPANY'S STORE DEPOT, PAREL.

Messrs MENESSE and Co. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 15th December, and the following days, at 1 p.m., on each day, until the whole is disposed of, at the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company's Stores Depot, Parel :—

A quantity of railway plant, stores, &c, consisting of axles, empty ink bottles, empty casks and cans, old chains, travelling crane, fish plates, loading boards, fire bars, scoops, break blocks, bevil bars, old files, glass plates, glass bulls eyes, scrap iron, leather scrap, water metres, old rails, steel scrap steel bars, timber scrap, and miscellaneous other articles.

The materials have been already weighed and the weighment noted on each lot, and purchasers must accept this as final.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required when the lots are knocked down, and the balance must be paid and the goods removed away within one month, failing which the same will be resold on account and at the risk of the first purchaser.

A monthly rent of Rs. 3 per square yard will be charged by the company as ground rent on all the lots that are not removed within the stipulated time allowed for their removal.

The goods are now on view.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, November 27, 1890.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 26.

A further sum of about £700,000 in Gold was paid into the Bank of England yesterday, and Consols advanced ⅛ per cent., say to 95⅜ ; the market rates of discount remaining unaltered. Indian Sterling Loan was ¼ per cent. higher, at 107¼. Silver was ¼d. lower at 47d. per oz. ; and 4¼ per cent. Rupee Paper was down ⅛ per cent. at £81¼, Fours being unaltered at £77⅞. Silver in New York was a cent. lower, at 102½ ; with Exchange on London ¾ cent higher, at 4·87½ dollars. The Banks' buying rate on India was unaltered at 1s. 5⅛d. Braziers' Copper was 10s. lower, at £63 10s. per ton. Coal Freight from Cardiff to Bombay was 13s. per ton. In Paris, French Rentes were unaltered at 95 ; Exchange on London was 2½ centimes lower, at fcs 25·35½.

The market for Bombay Linseed had become dull with both spot and arrival prices 6d. per quarter lower, at 42s. 6d. and 42s. per quarter, respectively, ex-quay. Wheat on the spot in Liverpool was unchanged for No. 1 Soft White and White Delhi ; but Soft Red was ½d. per cental dearer, at 7s. ex-quay.

Cotton in Liverpoal closed easier last evening with Surats and Arrivals quiet, the total sales having aggregated 10,000 bales, including 600 Surats. The spot price of Mid-Uplands remained at 5 3-16d., and East Indian Cotton was unchanged in value ; but American Arrivals were 3-64d. lower for deliveries to the end of the year, and 1-16d. in more distant positions. The day's imports were again heavy at 43,000 bales. The Manchester Market was quiet ; but the quotations wired by Reuter show no change.

The price of ready Mid.-Uplands Cotton in New York remained at 9 7-16 cents ; but Futures for February were 10 points lower, at 9·41 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 53,000 bales, and the figures given below show how this season's Arrivals compare with those of the previous two years for the same period :—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Tuesday's Receipts...	53,000	61,00	50,000
Three days' do. ...	135,000	156,000	137,000
Since 1st Sept.	3,064,000	2,949,000	2,481,000

Locally, only a moderate business has been passing again in this staple, under 2,000 bales, chiefly of ready new stuff having changed hands in a steady market. The principal purchases have been in Bengal, at Rs. 160¼-74 ; and Julgaum, at Rs. 179¼ ; with smaller parcels of Dhulia, at Rs. 173¼ ; and Pachora, at Rs. 174¼ ; and of old Cotton a few hundred bales of Mowa have been taken at Rs. 185 ; and a little Khangaum, at Rs. 170 per candy.

Wheat.—There has been rather more doing in this market to-day, and the feeling has become steady ; but prices are quite unaltered for all descriptions.

Seeds have been taken to a moderate extent only ; but no further change in prices has been quoted, and the feeling remains steady.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton.....	3,283 bales.
Wheat	18,708 cwt.
Linseed	2,049 „
Gingelly	8,433 „
Poppy Seed.....	1,201 „
Ground Nuts.....	1,265 „
Castor Seed	1,322 „

Freights are weak. Business has been done to-day for Liverpool at 15s. per ton for Wheat ; prompt shipment ; and a steamer has been fixed for February loading, at 17s. 6d. per ton.

Exchange.—Some ready Bank Demand was placed the first thing this morning at 1s. 6d. ; but the rate soon receded to 1s. 5 15-16 to ⅝d. and three months' sight Credits to 1s. 6⅝d. in a very quiet market ; and this afternoon a still easier feeling was apparent. There has been very little business passing again to-day, however, pending the receipt of news regarding Council Bill allotments. At closing, forward Bank Demand was called 1s. 6 3-16d. for January ; and Credits 1s. 6⅛ to 7-16d. for Demand, and 1s. 6⅜ to 11-16d. for February delivery, with ready rates as follows :—

Bank Bills on Demand ...1s. 5⅞d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic.. .....1s. 5⅞d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight.....1s. 6⅛d.	„
Credits do. .....1s. 6⅛ to 5-16d.	„
Francs do. .....1·94¼ to 1·93¼	„

Government Paper has been quiet, and yesterday's slight advance has been lost, 103⅛ having been quoted for cash and Monday's settlement, and 102 13-16 for the January account, these having also been the closing rates, and little fresh business having transpired.

Shares.—The market has been firm to-day, especially for Cotton Mill Scrip, which has improved in many cases to the extent of Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 at our quotations. Press shares are also firm at our rates. Bombay-Burma Trading have been inquired for.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed easier. Sarats quiet.

Good Dhollerah 4 1-16. The Manchester Market has been quiet.

7 lb. Shirtings	5-5
8¼ lb. „	6-7½
40s Mule Twist	9⅞d.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight.	1s. 5⅞d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account...	95⅝
3 per cent. French Rentes	95
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	77⅜
4½ per cent. „	81½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan.....	107½
Bar Silver	47

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ADEN, Nov. 25.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Golconda left here this afternoon.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Kangra left here this afternoon.

SUEZ, Nov. 25.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Valetta arrived here from Colombo this evening.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 25.

The Clain Line steamer Clan Sinclair left here for Colombo, Madras, and Calcutta this morning.

COLOMBO, Nov. 26.

Mail steamer Shannon from Calcutta arrived.

TRINCOMALEE, Nov. 26.

H. M. S. Boadicia from Zanzibar arrived.

The Anchor Line Hispania left Suez for Bombay at 9 a. m. on the 26th instant.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

NOVEMBER 26.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

Mauritius mail closes Zanzibar at 8 a.m., on Sunday, 30th inst.

Moulmein route to Siam interrupted.

Telegrams for the Argentine Republic and beyond can only be accepted via Galveston.

Communication with British Guiana cut off by failure of cable Trinidad-Demarara.

Communication with Central and South America via the Galveston route cut off by failure of Cable Salina Cruz-Libertad. Telegrams for Guatemala and places south of Guatemala must be charged for at rates via Ko of West.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. on the 26th November, 1890.

(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	25	10	7 p.m.	25	34
Teheran	26	1	17 p.m.	...	38
Suez	26	2	20 p.m.	...	29

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending on 8 p.m., on 26th November, 1890.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	1	12	...	2
„ Kurrachee ...	0	16	...	1
„ Madras	1	8	...	1

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

HOWELL—WALSH—November 26, at All Saints, Malabar Hill, by the Rev. Francis A. Hill, Ernest, son of Lt.-Colonel Howell, of Peurhool, Carmarthenshire, to Cecil Marion, younger daughter of Mrs. Walsh, of Sudgrove House, near Cirencester, and of the late John Henry Walsh, of Putney.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CAMPBELL.—November 22, at Madras, the wife of R L Campbell, Executive Engineer, P W D, of a daughter.

ELKINS—November 12, at Shahjehanpore, the wife of Dav Elkins, Sub-Medical Department, of a son.

THOMAS—November 19, at Quilon, the wife of William Frederick Thomas, Surgeon, 17th Regiment M I, of a son.

DEATHS.

FERNANDES—November 22, at Bangalore, Adelaide Mary, the dearly beloved wife of Dr Alexander S Fernandes, Civil Surgeon, Mysore Medical Service, aged 23 years.

MAYNARD—October 16, at Srinagar, Cashmere, Francis Newland Martin Maynard, Colonel, Bengal Staff Corps, and District Superintendent of Police, Bahraich.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"N. S. G."—No new light is thrown on the subject in the letter you have addressed to us.

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1890.

THE references which the *Pioneer* made the other day to our recent comments upon the condition of the Indian Midland Railway cover so small a portion of the ground which we have taken up that it would be interesting to learn if the whole case in favour of the maintenance of the *status quo* has been stated by our contemporary. It is significant that nothing has been said by the Allahabad paper concerning the proposal to lay down a broad-gauge line on the right bank of the Jumna between Agra and Delhi. The idea of stereotyping the narrow-gauge system in the Bandikui-Delhi-Agra triangle, which we have always deprecated, now appears to be abandoned, and the policy, of which it would have been a lamentable illustration, has been severely condemned by the Viceroy, both in connection with the Agra-Delhi route and the proposed line through the Jeypore State to the Chambal River. It is difficult to resist the conclusion that a growing consciousness of the disappointing results of the Indian Midland so far has had much to do with the abandonment by Government of the Muttra Delhi scheme in favour of one which will open up to the Indian Midland much of the through traffic of which it has been unwisely and unfairly deprived. The through traffic, we say, because the *Pioneer* itself describes the chief motive of a main line like the Indian Midland to be "to carry a through traffic from one side of India to the other." And this leads us to the consideration that our contemporary has not been careful to avoid confusion of purposes in discussing the prospects and the mission of the line. We are told that it is early to despair of the line, since there has been no time yet to improve the country through which it passes. "The planning and making of tributary cart-roads from the producing districts is a slow process ; and time must be given to cultivators and merchants to take advantage of the new means of communication." But this argument ignores the previous one that the line is not for local but for through traffic —an argument which claims the more attention inasmuch as it is accompanied by the reminder that a great leap upward in the receipts is expected the moment such a line is completed. The truth is—and the *Pioneer* has admitted it—that the Indian Midland has very little to look for in this matter of local traffic. The districts through which the line passes—for example Jhausi, Bundelkhand, and Lalitpur, are amongst the poorest in India, and if it is to these that we are to look for the traffic that is to send up the earnings of the line, the plea only lends force to our contention that the line, unless justice be done to it by the Government of India, will prove one of the worst bargains that the State has ever made. The "leap upwards" which we are told to expect as the usual sequel to the completion of a line is in this case proving a leap backwards, for the traffic receipts are worse now than they were when we dealt with that branch of the subject a few weeks ago. It is said that the figures of the working of the line in the Railway Administration Report for 1889 are not in every respect disheartening when compared with other lines, and seem to indicate a capacity for improvement in the future. We fail to see where or what the indications are, unless they are in the recent order that troops shall use the line as a route between Northern India and Bombay. It is certainly not correct to say that the extremely low ratio of passenger traffic to that of goods has done the mischief. The administration report for last year showed that on the Indian Midland the proportion of passenger traffic to the whole was 40 per cent. ; while on the East Indian it was 33 per cent., the North-Western 31, and the Great Indian Peninsula 24. It seems to us then that unless there is a further falling off in the goods receipts, the ratio of passenger traffic earnings is not likely to increase greatly. The reference to military traffic has this significance, that it affords strong presumption of the advantages of the line for goods transit. Other things being equal, the line that is the best for carrying soldiers is the best for carrying goods, and the inference to be drawn from the fact is that if artificial obstacles were removed goods traffic would follow the route which for its convenience and certainly not for the sake of helping the line has been chosen for military transport. Our suggestion that the Oudh and Rohilkund Railway should be amalgamated with the Indian Midland is treated by the *Pioneer* as having been put forward in the interests of Bombay. It was really put forward for the economical working of the railway, which certainly has its ultimate outlet in this port. But the fact that the Indian Midland traffic-shed is towards Bombay and not towards Calcutta is no reason why it should be wastefully worked. When one administration will serve as well as two, no local preferences are required to lead to the conclusion that a good deal is to be said in favour of having one instead of two. If Government would bear in mind some of the considerations—not all of them—by which they were actuated in consenting to the amalgamation of the unremunerative Bengal and North-Western with the Tirhoot State line, they would see that much else is to be said for our suggestion than that it will favour Bombay. This suspicion of partiality for Bombay—which it would be absurd for us to repudiate—does suggest one thing that should be noted, and that is that those who offer it are desirous that though the Indian Midland was meant for through traffic, this through traffic shall be denied it, and it must seek it in the arid wastes of Bundelkhund and Lalitpur and elsewhere on its flanks for the traffic that is refused it in the legitimate gathering ground that lies around and beyond Agra and Gawnpore. The assumption which has been made that an amalgamation of the two systems would be to the detriment of Calcutta is what the American call a "boomerang" argument—it returns to those who employ it, and may be harmful to them. If there is anything in it, the inference is that Calcutta has all this time been enjoying an artificial advantage, and that the moment a perfectly natural and legitimate arrangement like that which we are proposing is made, the advantage disappears. Our neighbours must not be surprised if we take note of the ultimate significance of the argument, and press it home upon them.

IT is not without a purpose that the *Madras Mail* has given prominence this week to the report of an action in the Queen's Bench Division in which a writer in a Manchester paper was sued—and sued unsuccessfully, which the world is expected to take note of—for libelling the Corporation of Manchester. In the case cited a correspondent had charged the Corporation with being ignorant and corrupt, and had openly accused the members of being bribed and corrupted to a regrettable extent in connection with certain "scandalous and abominable expenditure" connected with the site of one of the great hotels in that city. The correspondent concluded by roundly charging two, if not three, departments of the Manchester City Council with bribery and corruption. The defendant in his statement raised the two pleas that the words complained of were not capable of being construed into a libel against the plaintiff-Corporation ; and that there was no cause of action, inasmuch as a Municipal Corporation could not sue in its corporate capacity in respect of the words cited in the sense complained of. These were the two points of law on which, by consent, the action was tried. At the hearing Dr. Blake Odgers, who is the author of one of the accepted text books on the law of libel and slander, contended that an action would lie. For the defence, however, it was contended that the Corporation could not bring an action for libel consisting in a charge of corruption or ignorance, unless their property was endangered by "slander of title." The case chiefly relied upon seems to have been one in which Chief Baron Pollock had held that though a Corporation could undoubtedly sue in respect of libel—for it would be monstrous if they could not do so for slander of title, through which they lost a great deal of money—it could not sue in respect of crimes which, from the nature of the case it could not commit. Further the Chief Baron held that it could not sue in respect of a charge of corruption, "for a Corporation cannot be guilty of corruption, although the individuals composing it may be." The judgment of the Court was emphatically in accordance with this view. Mr. Justice Day expressed his surprise that a great Corporation like that of Manchester had condescended to bring such an action, and he gave judgment for the defendant with costs. The result of the case will be useful reading for the Madras Municipal Commissioners who are invited to meet this evening, at the instance of Mr. Eardley Norton, to decide if they will take action against *Indian Engineering* for publishing what Mr. Norton, Barrister-at-law, and Municipal Commissioner, holds to be a defamatory attack upon that apparently much-misunderstood body. The attack was severe enough in all conscience. Not that in describing their meeting-room as "worse than a bear garden" the Commissioners were necessarily maligned. Bad language, it is understood, is never used in bear gardens ; nor does one bear offend the susceptibilities of another by reminding him of the cave that he came from and provoking him to a patriotic demonstration in respect of that cave. Here, then, there can be no libel, not even upon the bears. To call a municipal meeting room a bear garden has by this time come to be understood as a pleasant recognition of public spirit and of budding capacity. Nor is it certain that a Municipality is libelled when its place of meeting is described as an unsavoury sink. When a critic of local institutions begins to talk, however, of the action of the Municipality as a "big game of grab" things begin to look serious. Somebody is then obviously in danger of being libelled, and so too when the processes of Municipal administration in a city are severely summed up as "talking and finding fault—a fit employment for rogues and fools." The educational influence of such limitations as "the birch on the liberty of the schoolboy" is recommended as a corrective. But if the Madras Municipal Commissioners are such sinners as they are represented to be, this would be a mild punishment. They are described as "a knot of self-seeking Municipal Commissioners, who did not care if the whole city perished so long as they and their relatives fattened and flourished, and to achieve this will go through any amount of scheming, obstruction, and fault-finding." Mr. Eardley Norton will doubtless be able to make all this appear to be a grave indictment of the Corporation, as it no doubt is. Whether he will be able to satisfy his friends that an action taken by the Municipality as such, would lie, is another matter. Many serious charges are brought against the Municipality in whole or in part, but they fall far short of what Chief Baron Pollock had in view when he spoke of a slander of title. The old dictum that a Corporation has neither a body to be kicked nor a soul to lose comes in. As a Corporation it can have no feelings, and Mr. Eardley Norton must not mistake his own just resentment at the harsh things said about him and his colleagues as though they necessarily affected the Corporation as such. There is, however, for his comfort and theirs the old dictum, that there is no wrong without a remedy. What is not libel when said of a Corporation may be held to be libel when said of the individuals of whom it is composed. But with the Manchester precedent before them, the Madras Municipality, who no doubt can find many ways in which to spend their money to the much greater advantage of the citizens, will scarcely venture upon the luxury of a law-suit of their own. We shall be surprised, at all events, if the meeting of the Commissioners, which is to be held this evening, decide to follow the unfortunate example of Manchester.

MR. PARNELL'S connection with the O'Shea Divorce proceedings will have more serious political consequences than his friends can have anticipated. Mr. Gladstone has caused a communication to be made to the Irish leader that his continued leadership of the Nationalist Party will prove disastrous to the cause of Ireland, will embarrass his friends, and will nullify his own leadership of the Liberal party. Mr. Parnell is obstinately bent against resigning, and his obstinacy have been effectively confirmed by his unanimous re-election to the chairmanship of the Irish Parliamentary Party. This is in full accord with the declaration of his supporters in the press and on the platform immediately after the result of the trial was known. The idea of Mr. Parnell's retirement was scouted as an altogether ridiculous thing by the people who, having just proclaimed the charge against him to be the base invention of his enemies, found the proof of it to be a matter of no consequence. Amongst his own countrymen, so far as the telegrams have told us, the only one to advise that he should bow under the weight of his guilt has been Mr. Michael Davitt, who, for the sake of Ireland and of the cause which Mr. Gladstone has unsuccessfully invoked in making the same plea, urged Mr. Parnell to retire. Public opinion in England, which has not yet sunk to laxity in these matters, will, it may be believed, heartily endorse the action taken by Mr. Gladstone. Amongst his own followers there will no doubt be a few who will deprecate it on the ground that a man's political and his personal conduct stand apart from each other. If they can make the distinction let them. But it is too metaphysical for ordinary men and women, and would disappear the moment Mr. Gladstone as leader of the English wing of the Opposition had to take counsel with the leader of the Irish wing. Even party leaders are at liberty to say whom they will co-operate with and whom they will not, and the serious practical disadvantage of having at the head of the Irish party a politician convicted of a grave offence against social order, and with whom for that reason it is open for any man to say whether or not he will associate, was certain to assert itself whenever concerted action between the two wings of the party was attempted. There are still a good many people in England —even in the House of Commons—who have not bowed the knee to the Baal of latitudinarianism in these matters, and Mr. Parnell and his friends will have to recognise this if they expect to profit by the alliance with the Liberal party. The incident provides a sensational opening to the Parliamentary Session, obscures the immediate future, and disturbs calculations as to the course of home politics.

THERE would be little reason for intervening in the controversy between Mr. McLauchlan Slater and the anonymous correspondent of a Calcutta contemporary, were it not that there seems to be in that quarter a singular reluctance to accept the obvious meaning of Mr. Slater's contention that from the insurance point of view much is to be said for restricting the area of child-marriage amongst the natives of India. It seems to us that the subject may be discussed without treating it, as the *Englishman* does, as though what it calls "The case for the Oriental" were involved. The discussion so far has been one between insurance companies, in which it can scarcely be said that Mr. Slater has taken a contentious part ; the most he has done has been to tell his critics on the other side that if they will say who they are he will be happy to answer them. This is a reasonable position to take up, and the public we suppose would know what construction to put upon the continued anonymity of writers who appear so far to have entered the lists rather for the sake of having a fling at a competitor than for the discussion of a question of public interest. A desperate endeavour is made to show that it is inconsistent to point out the evil results of child-marriage and at the same time to contend that it is possible to insure native lives at European rates. The two things, however, are consistent enough. No one pretends that, bad though the practice of child-marriage may be, it has vitiated the whole of Indian society, or that even amongst the castes and races in which it prevails there is not a minority of robust lives who can be got at by a process of scrupulous selection. The minority would tend to increase as the habits of Hindu society improved, but the proposition that if child

TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

*LONDON, Nov. 25, 1-50 P.M.

Parliament re-assembled to-day.

The Speech from the Throne does not differ from the forecast already telegraphed as regards our foreign relations, except that it adds that the securities of peace remain undiminished.

Her Majesty deeply regrets the severe distress which threatens the Western Counties of Ireland, and trusts that the measures taken by her Government will mitigate the evil and avert its consequence.

The Speech announces a Bill for augmenting small owners with a view of increasing contentment and diminishing political disorder in Ireland; also a Tithes Bill and a measure for lessening the burden which compulsory education imposes on the poor. Recent experience, her Majesty says, has rendered it doubtful whether time will permit the consideration of other subjects, but in case time should be found for them, a series of Bills is enumerated, including one for Irish County Councils and one for the nomination of a Public Trustee.

STOCK EXCHANGE SETTLEMENT.

*LONDON, Nov. 25, 1 P.M.

The settlement on the London Stock Exchange which is going on to-day is passing off favorably.

PANIC AT BUENOS AYRES.

Advices from Buenos Ayres state that a panic exists there, and that several local banks have closed their doors.

The Bourse there is in a state of tumult and the premium on gold has advanced to 250.

[*The above have been delayed greatly in transmission.]

MR. GLADSTONE ON MR. PARNELL.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

Mr. Gladstone wrote a letter to Mr. John Morley, which the latter communicated to Mr. Parnell yesterday afternoon. In it Mr. Gladstone expresses his regret that Mr. Parnell has not offered to resign, as he did after the Phœnix Park murders.

Notwithstanding his splendid services, his continued leadership of the Nationalist Party will, Mr. Gladstone says, prove disastrous to the cause of Ireland, embarrass her friends, and nullify his (Mr. Gladstone's) leadership.

Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Morley, and Sir W. Vernon Harcourt all urged Mr. Parnell to resign, but in the afternoon, as he appeared resolved on the contrary, Mr. Gladstone published the letter above alluded to.

A meeting took place of the Parnellite Party yesterday afternoon, when Mr. Parnell was unanimously re-elected their Chairman.

Mr. Parnell has accepted the office of Chairman.

THE ADDRESS.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

In the House of Lords last night the Address in reply to the Speech from the Throne was adopted.

In the debate which took place Lord Salisbury said he deplored the horrors that had been perpetrated in Africa, but that a Government inquiry for the purpose of eliciting the truth was unlikely, as the author of the charges was not a British subject, and the parties accused were dead.

BILLS IN THE COMMONS.

Mr. Balfour will introduce the Irish Land Purchase Bill, and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, the Tithes Bill on Thursday.

Mr. W. H. Smith announced in the Commons that the whole time of the House would be demanded until the Bills had been read a second time.

RESIGNATION OF MR. VINCENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Nov. 26.

Mr. F. D. A. Vincent resigns his position in the Madras Forest Department, having been appointed Secretary, Imperial East African Company.

PRESENTATION OF MEDALS.

The Madras garrison paraded this morning to witness the presentation of the Bronze Medal of the Royal Humane Society to Colonel Butler, for saving two native children, and a Good-Conduct Medal to Sergeant Raymond.

DESTITUTE SEPOYS.

A number of half-starved sepoys, of the disbanded 33rd Regiment, are now begging for food in Madras.

LORD CONNEMARA AT THE LAWRENCE ASYLUM PRESS.

The Governor visited the Lawrence Asylum Press this morning. A Government official is taking stock of the entire establishment.

OFFICIAL TRADE COMPETITION.

The local traders who memorialised the Governor on the subject, but have received no reply, believe the Government will do something to stop the present unfair official competition.

THE SHOOTING FOR THE DIANA COMPETITION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

POONA, Nov. 26.

According to present arrangements, Lord and Lady Harris and staff will leave Ganeshkind for Bombay on the 2nd prox. Their Excellencies were present to witness the shooting for the Diana Competition this morning; as also were the Commander-in-Chief and Staff, General and Miss Solly-Flood, Generals Gatacre and Pottinger, Colonel Cunningham, and numerous others, including many ladies.

THE LADIES' POOL AT POONA.

A ladies' pool was started this afternoon, and will be kept open throughout the remainder of the meeting, distance 100 yards. In the two-inch bull's-eye Mrs. Scannell and Mrs. Rivett-Carnac each made two bull's-eyes; and Miss Pottinger and Mrs. Thomas one each. It drew several lady-competitors.

THE MAHARAJA HOLKAR.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

INDORE, Nov. 26.

His Highness the Maharaja Holkar, with a liberality worthy of imitation, has again given evidence of his continued interest in educational work, by giving Rs. 750 to the Canadian Mission College at Indore; and Rs. 750 to the Canadian Mission Female Hospital at Indore.

MAJOR KUNHARDT'S APPOINTMENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 26.

Major Kunhardt has accepted the post of Chief Engineer at the Burma Ruby Mines.

EMBEZZLEMENTS AMONGST GOVERNMENT SUBORDINATES.

Embezzlements have taken place in subordinate official circles in Rangoon. Three persons have absconded, whose defalcations amount to Rs. 8,000.

THE KHEDDERZAI EXPEDITION.

Sir Robert Sandeman's work in connection with the Khedderzai Expedition having been concluded, satisfactorily, he arrived at Quetta on Monday.

OFFICIAL ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF CHARITY.

The acknowledgments of Government has been desired by Sir Auckland Colvin to be conveyed to Hajee Niyamat Ali, a Mahomedan gentleman, for feeding a number of destitute persons in the Sikanderpur Pargana; Maharani Surnamoye of Cassim Bazaar, member of the Imperial Order of the Crown of India; and Sir Radha Prasad Singh, Bahadur, K.C.I.E., of Dumraon, who sent subscriptions for the relief of sufferers from the late floods in the Ballia District.

SUSPENSION OF THE ATTOCK MANŒUVRES.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

KHAIRABAD, Nov. 26.

It has rained incessantly since Sunday morning. The manœuvres have had to be suspended till further orders. It is hoped they may be able to begin again on Friday, but at present there is no sign of the weather clearing.

THE PESHAWAR FORCE.

Sir Frederick Roberts rode out yesterday to Akora to inspect the Peshawar Force. Rain has affected them most, as they had to march fifteen miles on Monday.

THE DIANA RIFLE COMPETITION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Nov. 26.

The event which attracted most attention this morning was the ladies' competition—the "Diana Contest"—for which nine competitors had entered, her Excellency Lady Harris' name appearing among the number. Much to the disappointment of all concerned, Lady Harris did not fire, and Miss Solly-Flood having also scratched, seven ladies were left in to contest for the two prizes offered. Lady Harris was on the range last evening to do some practice, and she fired very well indeed, having made a possible at the shorter range and 34 out of 35 at the longer range, so that her shooting was anxiously looked forward to in the contest this morning. Of the seven ladies who did fire, Mrs. Scannell was looked upon as a hot favourite, for she was known to be a good shot and had put up some good scores at practice. She, however, appeared to be quite off her usual good form this morning, and having made the comparatively small score of 23 at the longer range, which was shot off first, she lost all her chances of success. Mrs. Rivett-Carnac, to whom the first prize has fallen, shot up steadily at both ranges, making 30 at 100 yards and 34 at 50 yards. Miss Pottinger and Miss Hamilton made the same aggregate score, *viz.*, 60, but the latter having made the better score at the longer range takes the second prize. This was hard luck for Miss Pottinger, who had showed up well in the practice. Miss Hamilton well deserved the prize, however, for she fired very well, indeed, and had she not been somewhat excited over the last shot at the longer range, she would have scored something better than a magpie. Mrs. Thomas and Mrs. Fitzgerald also fired well, but the latter appeared to get nervous over her last shots at each distance. Miss Hunter's poor score is mainly attributable to the fact of her having used a heavier weapon than the other lady-competitors used; she fired with a Winchester Repeater, while the others fired with a "Rook." The following are the detailed scores:—

	100 yds.							50 yds.								Total.
Mrs Rivett-Carnac ..	3	4	5	5	5	4	4	30	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	34—64
Miss Hamilton	4	4	5	4	4	5	3	29	4	5	4	4	4	5	5	31—60
Miss Pottinger	4	3	4	4	3	5	4	27	5	5	4	5	5	4	5	33—60
Mrs Thomas	4	4	3	5	3	3	4	26	4	4	4	5	5	4	5	31—57
Mrs Scannell	3	3	3	5	2	3	4	23	4	5	5	4	5	4	5	32—55
Mrs Fitzgerald	3	3	5	3	4	3	2	23	5	5	4	4	4	3	3	29—52
Miss Hunter	0	3	3	2	3	3	0	14	4	3	5	4	3	3	4	26—40

THE BOMBAY FOXHOUNDS.

Our pack of hounds having arrived unusually early this year, hunting has also commenced much earlier than usual, as after two or three days cubhunting the opening meet of the season was advertised for last week, and on that and the subsequent days we have had quite as good sport as we can expect in the present state of the Bandora country, which is uncommonly blind, and many of the crops, both of grass and also rice, are still standing. At the opening meet only a small field turned out, owing no doubt to the fact that many sportsmen have hardly got their nags fit as yet, and possibly some of the older members of the hunt, whose nerves are not quite so good as they used to be, prefer waiting until the country is rather more open. Those who went out, however, enjoyed a real sporting run from find to finish—commencing on our old friend the Melon Ground—which is more holey and trappy than ever—and finishing in the Goregaum jungles, where the hounds lost their jack, though they had stuck to him well for about five and forty minutes. Only some half-a-dozen of the field were up with the Master at the finish, all of whom were loud in the praise of the manner in which the hounds worked throughout the run, and prophesied great things of them throughout the season. Wednesday was a blank day, but the meet following, which was at Wankola, resulted in an excellent morning's sport. Two fairly fast runs, both ending in a kill, were as much as the veriest glutton could wish for, and although the distances covered were small compared with what we get after Christmas, still for the time of the year nothing could have been nicer.

Yesterday morning the meet at Santa Cruz resulted in little sport. A good field for a Wednesday turned out, and as it was generally understood that although this meet was advertised for daybreak the hounds would not move away until the Bombay train had arrived, the morning was well advanced before the scrub on the north-east side of the railway line was down, which fortunately held a jack. The morning, however, was only dry and muggy, and although the pack raced away across the open, after dwelling for a short time in covert, it was not until they had run a quarter of a mile, that a leading hound gave tongue, the rest of the pack promptly joining in the chorus. It looked as if we were in for a galop over Kaleena Hill and away to the happy hunting grounds beyond. Such, however, was not our luck. The jackal proved one of the very artful sort, and after running in a ring twice to baffle his pursuers by crossing the railway line, a manœuvre which cost him his brush—as the hounds ran into him in the swamp across the line, and he gave up the ghost in a spot where many a good jackal has been found in years gone by. This morning, however, if the covert had been tenanted before the victim of our first run had met his fate, the sound of the "worry and tear 'em" was too much for the occupant, as a careful draw had no result, and we had to ride home in hopes of better things to come.

ECHOES OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, Nov. 6.

"We know no spectacle," wrote Lord Macaulay, nearly sixty years ago, "so ridiculous as the British public in one of its periodical fits of morality. In general, elopements, divorces, and family quarrels pass with little notice. . . . But once in six or seven years our virtue becomes outrageous. We cannot allow the laws of religion and decency to be violated. We must make a stand against vice. We must teach libertines that the English people appreciate the importance of domestic life. . . . Our victim is ruined and heartbroken. And our virtue goes quietly to sleep for seven years more."

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The British public—or, rather, the London populace—had one of its periodical fits of morality, mingled with disgusting irreverence and downright ruffianism, on Saturday, Nov. 1, on the occasion of the burial at the St. Pancras Cemetery, Finchley, of the poor murdered woman, Hogg, and her infant. A horrible horde, two or three thousand strong, of roughs and sensation-mongers, beset the undertaker's door; hemmed in the funeral procession; tried to thrust their heads in at the windows of the mourning coach occupied by the husband of the dead woman; hooted, hissed, and reviled him; and, but that he was safeguarded by the police, would probably have personally maltreated him.

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This moral mob, these immaculate champions of purity of domestic life, swarmed like leeches into the cemetery; misbehaved themselves in the chapel; jostled the mourners; scandalised the chaplain; crowded round the grave; got up another chorus of howling and hooting against the widower, and pursued him with execrations homewards. A precious manifestation of morality, indeed! But I suppose that we must get used to this kind of thing. The funeral "boom" has been followed by the funeral "racket;" and this possibly will be succeeded ere long by funeral free fights, riots, and lynching matches.

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One of the best known of London "City parsons," the Rev. John Edmund Cox, D.D., late vicar of St. Helen's, Bishopsgate, has, at the ripe age of seventy-eight, joined the majority. A very versatile man, the Rev. Dr. Cox—a theologian, an antiquary, a musician, a literary critic, a zealous Freemason, chairman and trustee and honorary chaplain to charitable funds, and, finally, a very genial, whole-souled divine. As an author he will be best remembered for his "Annals of St. Helen's, Bishopsgate," and his "Musical Recollections of the last Half Century." I knew him well; and I think that he told me once that he had preceded me in the tenancy of a house in Mecklenburg Square, where I lived for nearly eleven years.

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A fine old Thackerayian chestnut has been roasted in Mr. Willert Beales's pleasant "Light of Other Days." Most people know that the mighty W. M. T. once met at dinner the perfervid Highland journalist, novelist, and humorist, Angus Bethune Reach, who, when Thackeray addressed him as Mr. "Reach," somowhat testily told him that the right pronunciation of his name was "Reeack"—the h gutteral, if you please. At dessert the author of *Vanity Fair* offered the author of "Clement Lorimer," a plate of fruit, saying, "Will you take a 'peeack,' Mr. 'Reack'?" But Mr. Willbert Beale is mistaken in thinking that Thackeray had always strongly opposed and condemned the celtic pronunciation of Angus's patronymic. He had never met him before the evening of the "Reeack-Peeack" incident, and his good-humoured joke was quite an impromptu one.

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Angus Bethune Reach was one of the hardest literary workers I ever met with or ever heard of. I knew him intimately between 1846 and 1852. He was joint-editor with Albert Smith of the *Man in the Moon*; he wrote novels, farces, and comic shilling books. He was the London correspondent of more than one provincial paper; and he was, in addition to all these things, a Parliamentary reporter on the staff of the *Morning Chronicle*. Many and many a time have I shared his early dinner at his residence in Tavistock Street, Covent Garden, and walked down with him afterwards to the House, and left him there just before 4 p.m. to take his "turns" in the gallery till, perhaps, two in the morning. He died, quite young, of mental decay. Was the collapse to be wondered at?

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"Captain Bowser, R. N."—a pseudonym, of course—writes a strong letter to the *Times*, in which epistle, although he disclaims the imputation of being "a pump," he launches a fierce flow of cold water on the forthcoming Naval Exhibition, which I, for one, hope to see as brilliantly successful as its precursor the Military Exhibition has been. Captain Bowser, R. N., thinks that the navy ought to "preserve its dignity and not descend to the showman's art."

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"The navy," remarks Captain Bowser loftily, "is not a theatrical profession. It did not win its laurels with pomp and show, with trumpets and banners; and no naval show at Chelsea can be aught but a ridiculous burlesque of naval life."

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I am afraid that the gallant captain is but imperfectly versed in the history of the British warlike marine. Our glorious navy *did* win its early laurels "with pomp and show, with triumph and banners." The fleet which Richard the Lion Heart led to the Holy Land comprised many sumptuous craft. The sails of the galleys were emblasoned with coats of arms and pious emblems in gold and colours. The poops of the leading ships were so many forests of silken banners. On the decks there were trumpeters galore and men-at-arms in glittering panoply; while to complete the pomp and show of a mediæval war ship, the good knights on boats hung their shields all glowing with armorial bearings over the bulwarks.

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The doom of the Banqueting House, Whitehall, as a Chapel Royal at least, has been definitively sealed. The structure has, clerically, been disestablished, and ecclesiologists are going about saying that it was time to disestablish it, as it had never been consecrated. No more distributions of Maunday money; no more oblations of gold, myrrh, and frankincense at the altar of the Chapel Royal, Whitehall.

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I read that the historic structure is to be "loaned" to the United Service Institution for the purpose of a museum of arms; and that, as the whilom chapel is not large enough to hold all the martial exhibits, it is proposed "either to cut the building in two by a new floor, or to have the hall enlarged over the Dover House Mews." I do hope that if such a project of audacious vandalism be seriously entertained, all the historical students, the antiquaries, and the artists of the realm will join in an indignant protest against the desecration of the masterpiece of Inigo Jones. The Banqueting House, Whitehall, is a pure and perfect architectural gem; and it would be a national sin and scandal to add to it or take from it one brick or one block of stone.

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On the other hand, few people, I should say, will care how soon the Office of Works demolishes and carts away the bricks and stones of the ugly, dingy, swampy prison at Millbank, which has been finally closed as a receptacle for prisoners. The rogues are to be transferred to Wormwood Scrubs, and the desolate pile originally intended to be a "Panopticon Penitentiary," and constructed on plans designed by good old Jeremy Bentham, cannot be allowed to cumber the river side much longer. Away with it, and all its gloomy memories! Thank goodness, there have disappeared from London in my time no less than seven prisons: The Fleet, Queen's Bench, Whitecross Street, Horsemonger Lane Gaol, Giltspur Street Compter, Clerkenwell House of Detention, and Cold Bath Fields. And I hope to live long enough to see the end of ghastly old Newgate.

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Mr. Gladstone concluded a neat railway-station speech at the great Scottish city of jute-mills and marmalade by wishing prosperity to "Bonnie Dundee." Now here is an opportunity for a very nice little controversy. Was the Grand Old Man justified in transferring the epithet of "bonnie" from John Graham of Claverhouse, Viscount Dundee, to the town itself? A contemporary holds that the G.O.M. *was* so justified, and goes on to say that "the epithet applied to Claverhouse was probably a modern invention; and Dundee itself was called 'bonnie' long before the viscount in question."

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Well, the rousing ballad of "Bonny Dundee"—not "Bonnie"—was written, as all Britons know, by Sir Walter Scott, who specifically and repeatedly dubs the hero of Killiecrankie "bonny," but says nothing about Dundee itself being a "bonny" town. "Come follow the bonnet of Bonny Dundee!" Luck to thy bonnet, thou Bonny Dundee!" "Cry *hoigh*! for the bonnet of Bonny Dundee" sings Sir Walter. But now, mark. The air prescribed for the ballad to be sung to is "The Bonnets of Bonny Dundee." Is that an old Jacobite song, or a ditty chaunting the praises of the Forfarshire town?

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I have not Lockhart's "Life of Scott" by me; but I sent to borrow Black's "Picturesque Tourist in Scotland" from my obliging Brighton bibliopole, Mr. W. J. Smith. Turning up "Dundee" in the "Tourist," I find no reference to the bonnieness of Dundee; but I *do* find that "at the period of the Reformation, Dundee was one of the first towns which publicly renounced the Roman Catholic faith; and so zealous was the spirit of its Protestantism that it acquired the name of "the Second Geneva."

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From politics to the wash-hand basin is almost as far a cry as from Liverpool to Loch Awe; but Mr. Gladstone is famous for "leaps and bounds." He told his delighted hearers at Palatheopolis (thanks to Mirantheus and Lascarides for telling us the Greek for marmalade) how much he had been struck with the quality of Dundee water. "He had never washed in softer water." Here is a splendid chance for a "Mustard and Cress" ballad from the flowing pen of Mr. G. R. Sims. How would this do for a burden?—

Come fill up my cup, come fill up my can,
Come water my horses and water my man.
Come wash me and scrub me, and let me gae free,
And *hoigh*! for the Water of Bonny Dundee.

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The *Times*, in a leading article on the Banqueting House—which it calls the Banqueting "Hall"—incidentally remarks, "The pious American pilgrim goes to visit, say, the former abode of Dryden; he finds, perhaps, a brand new building on the site; not even a *plaque* to commemorate 'glorious John.'" Are all the literary landmarks of London doomed, then, to vanish? I suppose that I must have been abroad or sick when Dryden's house, 43, Gerrard Street, Soho, was pulled down, and the commemorative medallion placed on the wall by the Society of Arts was removed. I find, however, on reference to the Post Office London Directory that there is still a 43, Gerrard Street. Is the house a brand-new building?

P.S.—I wired to London to ascertain the precise truth; and learned in reply that Dryden's house is as right as a trivet and the memorial medallion is intact.

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The Alguacils—otherwise the police—have been literally "down" on the Rabelais Gallery; and while the exhibition was crowded with visitors the detectives made a seizure of certain paintings which somebody has discovered to be of an objectionable nature. There will be, I apprehend, a rare squabble when the case comes to be adjudicated upon at the police-court; and the Decameron, the Pentameron, La Fontaine's Stories, Don Juan, and Tristram Shandy will possibly be dragged into the discussion—which may also comprise allusions to certain pictures in the National Gallery, and more than one statue in the British Museum.

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In a literary sense, I doubt whether the great mass of English readers will ever understand Francois Rabelais, even in Urquhart's wonderfully vigorous translation. Grandgousier, Gargantua, Pantagruel, Panurge are little more than names to the British million. Mr. Burnand and his influential following naturally dislike Rabelais; the members of the Rabelais Club discreetly keep their cult of the master to themselves. They know his secret, even as Walter Savage Landor knew the inner mystery of "Don Quixote," and a very few Swiftians know the innermost *geist* of "Guiliver's Travels; only English boys and girls can appreciate and laugh at the humours of the Knight of the Rueful Countenance and Sancho Panca, and the merest children can find delight in the Brobdignagians and the Liliputians; whereas probably not one young Englishman in a thousand can tell what the Cure of Meudon is driving at, and no Englishwoman ought to read him at all. *Sursum corda!*

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A wonderful correspondent of the *New York Tribune*, who signs himself "An Ex-Diplomatist"—an ex-ex-ex one, I should say—has been telling his readers all about the clubs of West-end London. Boodle's and White's, it would seem, "which were formerly accounted as very exclusive," have "both gone down terribly of late years." At the Devonshire the Liberal "*hoi polloi*" *(sic)*, who have not been deemed fit for admission to the "extremely accessible Reform," most do congregate. Arthur's and the Garrick—Heliogabalus and Jack the Painter!—are "a trifle old fogeyish." The presence of youth is regarded with suspicion and resentment. The prevailing tipple is old port, and the prevailing complaint gout.

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And so on, in a kindred strain, touching the St. James's, the Travellers,' the Windham, and the Marlborough. Is the ex-ex-ex "diplomatist," I wonder, an honorary member of all these clubs, or of any of them; or has he obtained his information from the club hall-porters, or the waiters?

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The Rev. H. Price Hughes is undoubtedly a most earnest and enterprising cleric, and as superintendent of the West London New Methodists' Mission, must be doing an immensity of moral good in the district teeming with "vice and iniquity," in the centre of which St. James's Hall, Piccadilly, is placed. It was rather rough on the Hall itself for the Rev. Hughes to say so; since there was held the Convention at which the rev. gentleman made his awakening speech. And might not Mr. H. Price Hughes have remembered that St. James's Church is within a stone's throw of St. James's Hall? London, according to this terrible downright missioner, is "the grave of Christianity, and although Paris might have been at one time the centre of vice, London was now undoubtedly in that unenviable position."

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I am not, I hope, either an optimist nor a pessimist, and have always, through a tolerably lengthy career, done my best to steer clear of the two extremes. I will not presume to say that any building in any part of London is the centre of a district "full of vice and iniquity"; but I do think and say most seriously that London has grown a great deal too big, and that the prospect—almost amounting to a certainty—of its growing bigger, is enough to excite much mournful cogitation in the minds of thoughtful people. There is too much wealth and too much poverty in the metropolis, which more than sixty years ago Cobbett called "the Great Wen;"—too much man, too much woman, too much child; especially the unfortunate brat who is sent to the pownbrokers to pledge flat-irons, and to the public-house to purchase gin; or who when almost an infant is allowed to toddle unprotected about the roadway or to sprawl in the gutter until it is run over by carts or cabs.

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If London had a population of, say, a million and a half at the utmost; if the smoke prevention laws were strictly enforced; if men of science could devise means for putting the fog under reasonable control; if the slums and the bookmakers who hang about Victoria Station could be swept away; if the number of public-houses could be reduced fifty per cent.; if the museums and picture galleries could be opened on Sundays; if the organ-grinders, the cab whistles, and the street beggars were suppressed; if meat and fish were not so costly; if people to whom you have not had the honour to be introduced would refrain from pestering you with trade-circulars and appeals for subscriptions to divers funds, London would be to me a delightful city. As things go, I prefer Brighton, where, in the course of two months, we have not had more than eight really inclement days.

GEORGE AUGUSTUS SALA.

THE WEDDERBURN MEMORIAL FUND.

The following has been sent to us for publication:—

To the Hon'ble P. M. Mehta, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Telang, Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, and T. M. Nathoobhoy, Esq., Bombay.

Gentlemen,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 27th September last, informing me that the committee of the Sir W. Wedderburn Memorial Fund have been pleased to set apart Rs. 5,000 for the purpose of obtaining the portrait, and asking me to arrange for its being painted.

I shall esteem it a favour if you will kindly express to the committee and to the subscribers my high sense of the honour that they have been so good as to confer on me.

In furtherance of their wishes I have communicated with Professor Hubert Herkomier, of the Royal Academy, and he has agreed to undertake the commission, the portrait to be ¾ length, and the sittings to commence in January next. Professor Herkomier enjoys, as you will be aware, the highest reputation as a portrait painter, and any work of his will possess permanent value on account of its artistic merits.

Allow me also to express my sincere gratification that the committee have decided to hand over the remainder of the fund to the Bombay Presidency Association as a permanent endowment for the general purposes of the institution. Bombay has always been a centre of independence and enlightened public spirit, and in strengthening an Association, which has for its object to give practical effect to the views and aspirations of the leaders of public opinion in Bombay, a valuable service has in my opinion, been rendered to the best interest of India and of Great Britain.—I have, &c.,

W. WEDDERBURN.

Meredith, Gloucester, 5th Nov. 1890.

THE ESTATE OF THE LATE DR. A. DeSILVA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—I have read with considerable attention the letter of Messrs. Roughton and Byrne, solicitors to the executors of the late Rev. Braz Fernandes, (the last trustee) and perceive therefrom that their clients do not even know the real value of the estate of the late Dr. Silva and they say it is worth less than a lakh of rupees, whereas I request that it is worth about 3 lakhs. All I can say is that I am prepared to make an offer of 1¼ lakh of rupees for the whole estate, if the trustees or executors will accept it. Whether it is worth one or three lakhs, I submit that the funds should be forthwith deposited with the Accountant General of the High Court of Bombay, and an account rendered to the Court of its administration to date, and if Messrs. Roughton and Byrne will advise their clients to follow this proper course, thus preventing inroads upon the funds available, which I am also anxious to avoid, and I see no reason why private individuals should like to cling to funds left for public and charitable purposes, I am willing to let by-gone be by-gones. The amount at stake is, I repeat, large; one single property at Null Bazaar was not long ago taken over by the Municipality for half a lakh of rupees; the Fort house, which was unnecessarily sold some years ago, and without the consent of the Court, for Rs. 35,000, would have fetched to-day much more; then again there are also valuable oarts and properties at Mahim, worth considerably over a lakh of rupees, besides Government Paper, &c. The school committee appointed by the late Rev. Fernandes is nominal: they have had no command or voice over the estate funds, the accounts, of which have hitherto been most jealously kept from the public by the late trustee and even the right of inspection thereof by the community denied to them. *Now*, we are offered inspection but the court officials, sir, are the best auditors.

I have a battery of facts and figures, which will be forthcoming at the proper time and place to prove that the estate has not been properly administered and that the intentions and wishes of the estator have been defeated, and further that the Official Trustee is the proper person to take charge of the Trust Funds. This should and will be the prayer to the High Court unless Messrs. Roughton and Byrne inform the public that the funds are going to be forthwith lodged in Court.—Yours, &c.,

MICHAEL R. DE QUADROS,

Mazagon, November 24.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

The usual weekly meeting of the Municipal Standing Committee was held in the Municipal Offices yesterday afternoon. Captain Sir Henry Morland occupied the chair, and the other members present were:—Colonel Merewether, the Hon. Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik, the Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram, Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, Messrs. A. M. Dharamsi, K. N. Kabrajee, Harkissondas Narotumdas, and Dosabhoy Framjee.

REPAIRING OF THE TULSI MAIN.

On the motion of Colonel Merewether, seconded by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, it was agreed on the recommendation of the Municipal Commissioner, to sanction the tender of Messrs. Framjee and Jivanjee for the work of repairing the embankment of the Tulsi water main between Mahim and Bandora at Rs. 10-8 per 100 cubic feet.

THE HOUSING OF THE FIRE-BRIGADE.

The Committee dealt with the resolution of the Corporation of the 20th inst., *viz.*—"That the report of the Sub-Committee, appointed by the Standing Committee, re the housing of the fire brigade be approved and adopted and that the Standing Committee and the Commissioner be requested to advise the Corporation as to the means for raising the funds required, *viz.*, Rs. 5,50,000." It was decided, as proposed by the Commissioner, that he be authorised to address Government with a view to raising a loan of Rs. 5,50,000 for the cost of housing the fire brigade, the loan to be raised in 1891-92 bearing interest at 5 per cent. and repayable in twenty years. Pending the sanction of Government to the raising of the loan the Commissioner was authorised to carry out the works in question at a cost not exceeding Rs. 5,50,000, the necessary payment to be made out of surplus cash and loan fund, balances to adjust on the said loan of Rs. 5,50,000 being raised.

LAND FOR CRAWFORD MARKETS.

The Committee considered the report of the Sub-Committee appointed by them on 5th June, 1889, to enquire into and report on the proposal for the taking up from Government of the whole of the triangular piece of ground immediately to the south of the Arthur Crawford Markets. The Sub-Committee recommended the Standing Committee to take immediate steps to acquire the whole of the land in question. It was resolved that the report of the Sub-Committee be approved and adopted, and that it be forwarded to the Corporation with the recommendation that the ground be acquired from Government at an estimated cost of Rs. 4,65,000, the cost to be debited to loan charges. The Corporation was further recommended to sanction an application being made by the Commissioner for permission to raise that amount on loan.

BUDGET ESTIMATES.

The Municipal budget estimates for 1891-92 were further considered by the Committee:—The expenditure of the Public Works Engineer's Department, general supervision and miscellaneous, at Rs. 1,80,708; drainage, at Rs. 1,83,141; waterworks, at Rs. 2,08,642; streets and building, inspection and supervision, at Rs. 85,278, and public lighting, at Rs. 369,715 were recommended by the Committee.

PROPOSED LIGHTING OF THE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER.

In considering the expenditure of the Municipality, under the head of electric lighting, Col. Merewether observed that it was a great pity that the University clock tower was not illuminated by the electric light during the night. A few years ago this was done at the expense of the Government and the Municipality. He proposed that provision be made for lighting the tower by electricity, and that the charge on account of lighting by electricity be increased from Rs. 30,000 to Rs. 32,000.

Dr. Cowasjee: The Municipality has nothing at all to do with the lighting of the tower. The Corporation by a large majority refused to continue the grant for lighting the tower, because the Government refused to bear their share of the cost.

Mr. Kabrajee: I am of opinion that the tower is more the property of the city than of the University. The tower ought to be lighted by the Municipality.

Dr. Cowasjee repeated that the Municipality had nothing whatever to do with the lighting of the tower.

Col. Merewether: Whose business is it, Dr. Cowasjee, to light the tower?

Dr. Cowasjee: The University authorities.

The Municipal Commissioner: Whom is the clock for?

Dr. Cowasjee: For the University and those who take a fashionable drive on the Esplanade Road.

Col. Merewether's proposition was carried, Dr. Cowasjee being the only dissentient.

The Committee then adjourned.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA CLOSED RACES.

Mr. E. Lawrence, C. S., having kindly consented to undertake the duties of joint honorary secretary to the above meeting all letters should be addressed and entries made to him at the Secretariat, Bombay.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

A financial panic is reported from Buenos Ayres.

Mr. Gladstone, according to a Reuter's telegram, after the conclusion of the O'Shea-Parnell case, urged Mr. Parnell to resign his leadership of the Nationalist Party. Mr. Parnell refused, and at a meeting of Nationalists held on Tuesday afternoon, it was resolved to uphold him in the leadership of the party.

The Hyderabad Gold Cup was won on Saturday by Mr. Wolmer's Moab.

A discovery of coal is reported from Pinjore, which travellers to Simla will remember is a few miles from Kalka. The Geological Survey Department will report on the quality of the find.

The Madras Government has at last yielded to the military authorities, and accorded its assent to the demolition of part of the outworks of Fort St. George on sanitary grounds, leaving the provision of the funds for the demolition—the estimated cost of which is Rs. 7,000—for the consideration of the military authorities.

The Ceylon Planters' Association presented H. I. H. the Grand Duke Alexander of Russia a chest of fine Ceylon tea, when visiting Colombo.

Apropos of vital statistics, the return just made by the Sanitary Committee of Hove is remarkable. From these it appears that the death-rate of the west-end of Brighton last quarter was only 10·2 per 1,000 per annum. In Dr. Richardson's dream of Hygieia, the Utopian city of perfect health, the ideal yearly mortality was only 8 per 1,000, so that Hove is on the highroad to perfection.

A resolution by the Government of India in the Home Department, regarding the Leprosy Commission, appears in the *Gazette of India*. It is notified that the Executive Committee of the National Leprosy Fund having determined to appoint a commission for the purpose of investigating the disease of leprosy in India, Dr. Rake, M. D. Medical Superintendent of the Trinidad Leper Asylum, Mr. Kanthack, St. Bartholomew's Hospital, and Mr. Buckmaster, Lecturer on Physiology, St. George's Hospital, have been appointed Commissioners. With them are associated Surgeon-Major Barclay, Secretary to the Surgeon-General with the Government of India, and Surgeon-Major Thomson, Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, North-Western Provinces and Oudh. It is modestly announced that "the Governor-General in Council will feel obliged if public bodies and individual desirous of producing evidence before the Commissioners will address the local Government of the province to which they may belong, in order that arrangements may be made for presentation of such evidence before the Commissioners. Each local Government has already been requested to depute an officer to assist the Commission in collecting and arranging the evidence that may be procurable in the territories under its control, and instructions should be given to all civil and medical officers to give to the Commissioners any aid which they may ask for in the course of their inquiries." The Commissioners are now in India, and as soon as they have settled their programme it will be made public.

The falling off in the height and chest measurement of the recruits for the Army, which is exciting surprise and lament in some quarters, affords no ground for surprise at all (says the *Daily Chronicle*), and probably very little for lament, even from the peculiar point of view of those responsible for the returns that are presently due. The fact is that when trade is prosperous,—and a good sign of this is when the revenue is improving,—employment is better and the need for enlisting less. Moreover, every thoughtful officer has long seen that if the Army is to get a full supply of recruits, the pay must be increased, since the Army is always in direct competition with the labour market, in which employment has been fairly good for some time.

The Government of Bengal, the *Statesman* understands, has issued a circular directing the taking of agricultural stock with the census of next year.

On Saturday the Calcutta Naval Volunteers gave their annual dinner, at which Captain Petley, in a speech, made a strong appeal for a "bigger guardship and a proper and efficiently armed cruiser," for the defence of the Sandheads.

Mr. Mackenzie, the new Chief Commissioner of Burma, arrived in Calcutta on Saturday. He makes a short stay, during which time he will make himself acquainted with the more important cases pending between the Government of India and the local Government.

The report that Sir A. Scoble may be succeeded as Legal Member by Sir D. Fitzpatrick from Hyderabad, is gaining credence in official circles in Calcutta. Sir Dennis was, it will be remembered, for many years Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department.

The North-West Provinces Government, in reviewing the measures adopted during the scarcity in Garhwal and Kumaon last summer, states that the relief expenditure amounted to Rs. 1,85,000, of which only Rs. 37,000 were debited against Kumaon. It is estimated that all, except Rs. 10,000, will be recovered within the next eighteen months. In proof of the severity of the scarcity while it lasted, it is stated that in Garhwal a fourth of the entire population were entirely dependent for four months on grain received from the Government stores. A good harvest has since restored the people to their normal

on Saturday. On the ballast bags being removed and everything in readiness, Chatterjee took his seat, and after securing the parachute and making every preparation for the descent, he gave the signal to let go and away he went amid deafening shouts from the on-lookers. There was not a breath of air at the time, and the balloon consequently shot upwards in a direct line for about the first two thousand feet, and then moved in a south-easterly direction for the next two thousand feet, as indicated by the aneroid. Mr. Chatterjee then jumped into space with his parachute and dropped like a stone for about six hundred feet, when the parachute slowly opened and descended safely, the balloonist alighting on the roof of a house at Lal Kuan in the heart of the city, about a thousand yards from the polo ground as the crow flies.

THE general health of the Simla bazaars just now is far from satisfactory. Small-pox prevails to an abnormal extent among native servants, and numbers have died of the disease. Another drawback to Simla, says the Lahore paper, is the fact that the station is annually getting more crowded with indigent natives who cannot find employment, and beggars of all descriptions. They do much to spread disease, and the lower bazar is literally crowded with beggars. Some wily babu has circulated a rumour that it is the intention of Government to impose a heavy tax on all mendicants who come to Simla, which seems to show that some action in the matter is really necessary. Besides the professional beggars, many more servants than can find employment, and these of the worst description, annually come to Simla and roam about the station as long as possible before they think of going elsewhere. Unless a remedy for these growing nuisances can be found, Simla will not remain the famous health resort it used to be.

A KARACHI correspondent writes :—"A very pretty wedding took place on November 18, at Holy Trinity Church, Karachi—that of Mr. Jenkins and Miss Florence Trevor. The bride looked very pretty, and wore an elegant gown of white silk trimmed with ruche round the bottom ; sprays of orange-blossoms were arranged on the bodice and in her hair. She wore a long tulle veil, and carried a lovely bonquet. Her sister, the only bridesmaid, wore a pretty soft white silk gown, with a picturesque hat with ostrich feathers. Mrs. Trevor was in bottle-green satin with bonnet *en suite*. The presents were very numerous and costly. There were a number of new frocks to be seen—several in the new shade of reddish brown. Mrs. Matthews wore a brown and white tailor-made gown which fitted to perfection. Mrs. Thompson was in grey and white with silver braiding. Miss Brereton's drab-coloured gown was prettily braided. Several ladies wore white, and, later, donned some dainty jackets. Mrs. Plunkett in a soft shade of leaf-green with a large white design, opening over a white front, carried a handsome bouquet matching her gown. Mrs. Long looked remarkably well in a stylish black and white costume. Those who wore the fashionable high collars must have regretted doing so, for they proved a splendid receptacle for the rice which was liberally poured down them."

THE mineral oil from near Mogul Khot in the Sherani country, specimens of which were sent down last year to the laboratory of the Geological Survey of India and to the Chemical Examiner for the Bengal Government, but which was looked on by these authorities as suspiciously like the manufactured article, turns out to be a veritable natural product, says the *Englishman*. Mr. R. D. Oldham, who accompanied Sir Robert Sandeman in his late tour to the Gomal, has examined the locality, and pronounces the oil to be, what it professed to be, of remarkably pure quality unmixed with water. The amount issuing from the rocks, however, averages only about ten gallons a day. A thorough survey will be made as soon as the country is open, and Mr. Oldham is to be congratulated on the prospect before him of being able to indicate the conditions of a possible reservoir of oil, the quality of which is even superior to any of the commercial oils of the day. Mr. Oldham is understood to be making the geological conditions of oil occurrence in Bhiluchistan a special study, which should in time lead to a more advantageous localization of oil works than has been hitherto adopted in a country which, unfortuuately for such exploitation, is still only open to development in certain tracts.

THE Calcutta correspondent of the *Pioneer* writes :—Gold-mining shares, with the single exception of Sonapets, which are a little firmer, continue in the same miserable position. As I pointed out in these columns weeks ago, when the gold fever was at its height here, and nearly every small firm in the place was attempting to float a company to work the "rich auriferious tracts" of Chota Nagpore, gold companies have been madly overdone and the market is overburdened with gold stock which it certainly cannot possibly carry at the prices recently current. Unless some one of the companies now existent finds gold in paying quantities, it is difficult to see what can materially improve the market value of gold mining scrip. If there be any real find of gold in Chota Nagpore—and it is as well to remember that this is just within the bounds of possibility—gold shares will probably "boom" again. Gold mining scrip, therefore, at current rates, offers some attraction to the gambler and speculator, but should be studiously avoided by the genuine investor."

BETTER news for the ladies ; the marriage rate is rising. The Registrar-General, in his quarterly report, states that 118,088 persons entered the holy bonds in the three months ending June last, which total corresponds to an annual rate of 161 persons out of every ten thousand of the population. This number is 4·5 per cent. above the second quarter of the previous year, and, what is more to the point, 6·6 per cent. above the average rate of the corresponding quarters in the ten years from 1880 to 1889 inclusive. More persons were married than at any time since the prosperous year of 1876, with the sole exception of 1882. The pessimists who said that matrimony was becoming less popular—because in a time of depression the rate fell off—were clearly in error. The return of better times in trade has been followed steadily by the normal rise in the number of weddings, and this growth is seen in every part of England and Wales, except the six counties of Kent, Cambridgeshire, Suffolk, Somerset, Hereford, and Shropshire. In London, which always ranks high in the marriage roll, the augmentation was scarcely 3 per cent. In many of the agricultural counties there would seem to have been a notable making-up of arrears. Berkshire and Hertfordshire show an improvement of over 20 per cent., and little Rutland 50 per cent.

A CURIOUS illustration of magisterial equity was given at the West London Police Court. Under the Married Women's Maintenance Act an order had been decreed upon the husband of a woman named Jane Rogers, and an application was made to vary it. Evidence having been given of the wife's misconduct, as to which there was no defence, Mr. Curtis-Bennett very effectually "varied the order" by reducing the amount payable to one farthing per annum. Four years hence Mrs. Rogers will be entitled to claim from her husband one penny towards her support. By that time she will probably have come to understand more about the material obligations on both sides which the law intended to enforce.

SISTER MARIA is a young lady who, according to a telegram received from Naples, is expected to give important evidence on the subject of the recent clerical scandal connected with the *Le Sepolte Vive*, or "The Buried Alive" convent. Sister Maria is reported to be the young daughter of a very wealthy man who procured her immurement in the convent against her will, as a punishment for eloping with a poor artist. Liberated by the Prefect of the Neapolitan Police, Sister Maria will be a witness for the Crown at the forthcoming trial of the convent authorities.

IT is to be regretted that the French Exhibition has not turned out a pecuniary success. There are reports about of a deficit of over £10,000. At the same time, over one and a quarter million of people visited the place. The Military Exhibition has had a much smaller attendance—indeed, under one million ; yet it has been a success financially, inasmuch as a sum of over £10,000 has been realised, and £5,000 will also be paid to the committee for the buildings. This surplus will be devoted to the Church of England Soldiers' Institutes, for whose benefit the Exhibition was started.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BIRDWOOD and the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

ACQUITTED OF MURDER ON JUDGE AND JURY DISAGREEING.

IMPERATRIX *vs.* HURJIWAN MOTI.

THIS was a reference to the court by Mr. E. M. H. Fulton, Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, who disagreed with a verdict of not guilty given by a jury on a charge of murder preferred against the accused. Mr. Motilal M. Moonshee appeared for the accused, and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

It appeared that the accused, aged about 27 years, was charged before Mr. Fulton and a jury with the murder of Jadibu, wife of the complainant, Dadumeya Bhinbhai, by inflicting five wounds upon her neck, &c., with a chopper, with the intention of causing her death. The case for the prosecution was that, on the morning of the 15th August, the deceased woman went with a girl named Santok to bathe in the canal leading into the Chandan Tank on the east side of Dholera. Whilst there the accused went up to them and began talking to Jadibu, and asked when she would come to visit him. She asked him to give her back some ivory bangle. Whilst this talk was going on, Santok left them, as she was in a hurry to go home, and Jadibu promised to follow her. When she had gone a short distance, she looked round to see if Jadibu was following her, and then she saw the accusad holding the deceased by the hair and striking her with a knife. She heard Jadibu call out something in a loud voice, and then in terror hurried home. She then told her husband what she had seen, and the latter told the accused's brother, who told his mother. She went out to search for Jadibu, but found nothing. In the afternoon the body was seen in the canal and an inquest was held, at which the father, mother, and brother of the deceased were present, but none of them mentioned the accused's name. On the contrary, the father said he did not suspect any one. The police, however, arrested the accused that evening at his mother's house, when they found he had two cuts on the forefinger of his left hand, and there were spots of blood on his dhotur. The chief constable took down Santok's statement. The knife before the court was found under the dead body, and it was identified as being the one which the accused got sharpened a few days before. It was said there had been a criminal intimacy between the accused and the deceased, which had latterly been interrupted. The Sessions Judge asked the jury to consider whether they saw any sufficient reason for disbelieving the witness Santok. It was not suggested why she should come forward as a witness unless her evidence was true, except the usual suggestion that the police had got up the whole case. The evidence for the defence seemed worthless. Probably, if the accused committed a murder, he did so whilst in a rage over some quarrel, and it was in evidence that he was in an angry, jealous state of mind, and a very slight quarrel might have excited him to murder, although he did not intend to kill her beforehand. The jury unanimously found a verdict of not guilty, on the following among other grounds :—It appears most improbable that the body should never have been described as swollen or in any way spoilt after remaining about ten hours in water. As a struggle between the accused and the deceased has been admitted by the prosecution, it is very strange that there should have been no wounds on any part of the body except the neck. It appears strange that neither Santok nor the deceased's brother, nor his mother, should have informed the police. It seems strange that the accused should have left the knife in an exposed position, and at least not thrown it into the water. It appears strange that the accused should not have done away with the stained clothes while he had so much time. There appears to be a grave discrepancy in the evidence about the disappearance of the bangle, &c. The Sessions Judge, in his reference to the High Court, answered the points raised in the jury's verdict, remarking that he differed entirely from it. Santok gave her evidence, he said, in a very clear and decided manner ; she was severely cross-examined, but not materially shaken ; and he saw no reason to doubt that she was telling the truth, and he could not understand how a false story could have been invented. The Sessions Judge felt no doubt as to the accused's guilt, and recommended that either he be convicted on the evidence recorded, or that a new trial be ordered before another jury.

Their Lordships, on a consideration of the evidence and the arguments of the vakils, were of opinion that no reliance could be placed on the evidence of Santok, and that, therefore, the verdict of the jury was a proper one. The court acquitted the accused and directed that he be set at liberty.

HIGH COURT.—NOVEMBER 27.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

For determining the claims,

In the matter of the Land Acquisition Act X of 1870, and in the matter of Government and Ramjee Wagojee Gholay and another—Payne G and S, C W and S and M H Khan, for Noor Mahomed Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy and another. Claimants—F A Little for Government.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Defended New Long Causes.

525-90—Little S F and N—Purshotumdas Munguldas Nathoobhoy and another vs C A Turner and others—Ardesir H and D.

534-90—Chalk W and S—Purshotum Chintamon and others vs Crushnarao Bhawoo and others—Little S F and N.

536-90—Conroy and B—Devidas Kessowjee vs Premjee Kessowjee and another—Crawford B B and B.

Postponed Long Causes.

683-89—Crawford B B and B—Hajee Jackeria Hajee Ahmed vs Moolbai—Macfarlane E and H.

718-89—Chitnis M and M—Heerjee Hunsraj vs G Dove and others—Conroy and B.

319-89—Jefferson B D and K—C A Turner vs C A Turner—Wadia and G.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice TELANG.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

136-89—Payne, G and S—Ramputab Samratroy and another vs Premsuk Chundunmul and others. —D S Garud. Part heard.

366-89—Mirza H K for pauper—Luxmon Bhairoojee vs Gungabai and another—Balkrishna and D.

498-88—Roughton and B—Luchmandass Radhakisson vs Goolabrai Gooljarimal and another—In person.

214-90—In person, paupers—Purshotum Lukhmon and others vs Bai Rodibai and others—Chitnis, M and M and Balkrishna and D.

139-90—Payne, G and S—Thomas Douglas Charlesworth and others vs Jafferbhoy Ludhabhoy Chatoo—Thakordass, D and C.

720-89—Crawford, B B and B—The Bank of Bengal vs Madhowrao Venayekraoji and others—Little, S F and N.

82-90—Payne, G and S—W L Behrens vs Thucker Goverdhun Pitamber—Wadia and G.

295-89—Tyabji and D—Haji Khumisa Haji Ismail vs Jumall Jetha and others—Thakurdas D and C.

(Before the Hon. Mr Justice FARRAN.)

To speak to the minutes of the order.

370-70—Payne, G and S—Karmali Rahimbhoy and others vs Rahimbhoy Habibbhoy and others—Roughton and B.

Postponed Long Causes.

719-89—Crawford, B B and B—The Bank of Bengal vs. Ghanshamdass Jaigopaldass—Jefferson, B D and K.

For examination of witnesses.

Chalk, W and S—In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882, and of the Bombay Saw Mills Company, Limited.

C A Turner, Liquidator. Jamsetjee Hormusjee Limboowalla, Petitioner.

Postponed Long Causes.

89-90—Little, S F and N—J B K Macbeth vs. The Khangaum Manufacturing Co.—Thakurdas, D and C.

95-90—Thakurdas, D and C —The Khangaum Manufacturing Co. vs. J B K Macbeth—Little, S F and N.

327-44—Little, S, F and N—Jamsetjee Burjorjee Bahadurjee vs L W G Rivett-Carnac and another—W and G, and A H and D.

262-90—Bicknell and M—Purshotum Fakirchund and others vs Narayen Bapoo Salesker and others—Chitnis, M and M.

324-90—Chalk, W and S—Thucker Runchordas Sunderjee vs Pathan Hubibkhan vulud Esmailkhan and others.

549-89—Crawford, B, and B—J Macfarlane vs H J R Hemming—Conroy and B.

104-90—Conroy and B—H J R Hemming vs J Macfarlane—Crawford, B, B and B.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White Hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "RESTORERS." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Co., Limited, Farringdon-Road, London, England.

MAGISTRATES AND THE CORPORATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Your correspondent's letter in to-day's paper appropriately raises the question whether a fourth Magistrate is necessary, and whether the present Magistrates are over-worked. The public have heard a good many statements on the point, which have not been supported by figures. Is it not time that we should have the figures? What is the number of cases which each magistrate has tried in a year, and what is the nature of the cases. I have been present in all the three courts, and know that police cases are finished by 12 o'clock or ought to be finished if the magistrate takes his seat punctually. I know, too, that in more than half the cases the persons plead guilty and take up no time. The other cases need not take up any time if properly handled.

As a rule Mr. Dosabhoy left his court by 3 o'clock. Mr. Ryan finished his work by 4 p. m. Mr. Batty always left early. Mr. Crawley-Boevy we have heard used to write reports with countless paragraphs. Do these facts support the cry that a fourth Magistrate is necessary? I should say they do not.—Yours, &c.,

SPECTATOR.

THE ATTOCK CAMP.

AT Camp Mandori at daylight on Saturday writes *Pioneer's* correspondent the remainder of the 1st Infantry Brigade moved to Kohi to reinforce the battalion and four guns holding the position there. Three squadrons of cavalry were also at Kohi. At daylight the enemy's cavalry and horse artillery appeared again in front of Kohi, but finding the position strongly occupied, after a few cavalry manœuvres withdrew and hostilities ended for the day. The 1st Infantry Brigade then occupied Shewangi and the position in front of it. Four guns were also moved to Shewangi. The cavalry returned to camp. On the 20th the force occupied a line extending from Moma Khel to Hissar Tung. This was effected as follows :—The squadrons of cavalry were at Shewangi at daylight and the first brigade occupied by daylight a strong position about two miles in front of Shewangi, only just in time, as the enemy with cavalry and infantry tried to seize it but were driven back. The whole cavalry brigade and artillery were at Kohi at daylight. The second brigade marched at 7 a.m. to Hissar Tung, the third brigade to Inzori, the latter occupied Inzori unopposed. The former had some desultory fighting with a small body of infantry in front of the position occupied by the first brigade. The enemy's cavalry attempted to advance, but were kept at a distance by the artillery fire. The Peshawar force having occupied the desired position, held it without advancing. The enemy withdrew in the afternoon. Two battalions of the first brigade encamped on the position. The field artillery and one battalion of Shewangi cavalry and horse artillery returned to Myampur. The order for the operations of the 21st which had for their object an attack on the position of the enemy, were that the three infantry brigades should move forward as early as possible from their positions on the 20th and deliver as nearly as possible a simultaneous attack : the mountain artillery acting with the second brigade and the horse and field artillery with the first, the cavalry co-operating on the right flank. The battalion of the first brigade and the field artillery started at half-past four and joined the remaining two battalion at half-past six, they having by that hour taken up the position held the day before : the horse artillery joined the line at this hour. This force advanced about two miles unopposed. The artillery took up good position almost unobserved and came into action at 1,200 yards against the position occupied by the enemy. After preparation by artillery the brigade advanced in attack formation, assaulted and carried the position. This attack was very well executed the 4th Sikhs being especially well-handled. The horse artillery advanced at a gallop to this position and opened fire on the enemy retreating over the opened plain to a redoubt in rear. The field artillery followed and the near position was fully occupied by nine o'clock. The enemy were evidently surprised and expected an attack from Mandori. They were breakfasting when attacked. The whole of the artillery representing fiftyfour guns then opened fire on the redoubt and Darwazazai village. Two battalions attacked and took Darwazazai about eleven o'clock. One battalion from the second brigade, which had advanced along the foot of the hills through Chorpoi, joined this brigade and a combined attack was made by it and the remaining battalions of the first brigade on the redoubt. This was judged unsuccessful, the attacking force not being strong enough. Meanwhile a series of calvary engagements took place on the right of the attacks, between Maidon and Darwazazai, the cavalry of the attacking force having on the whole the best of it. This closed the day's operations.

THE SESAMUM (TIL) CROP.

THES econd general memorandum on the prospects of the sesamum (til) crop of the season 1890 is issued.

The memorandum gives a summary of the imformation received up to date regarding the area, condition, and estimated outturn of the sesamum crop.

The appended statement compares, as far as possible, the area figures for the current year with the average and those for previous year. In some provinces (*e. g.*, Bombay and Central Provinces) sesamum is grown both as a rainy season (*kharif*) and cold weather (*rabi*) crop, and both crops are included in the present report, the *kharif* crop being either in flower or under harvest, and the *rabi* crop in course of being sown. The estimates of area are liable to correction as the crop is largely grown mixed. The reports shew that there is a decreased area under sesamum this year in all provinces, with the exception of the Central Provinces.

PROVINCE.	TOTAL ACREAGE.			INCREASE OR DECREASE PER CENT.	
	1890-91.	1889-90.	Average (5 years.)*	1889-90.	Average.
Madras	359,000	435,600	523,486	−17·58	−32·07
Bombay. British Provinces	228,499	296,095	335,047	−22·83	−31·80
Bombay. Native States	225,943	..	..	..	..
Sindh	103,483	130,906	130,032	−20·95	−20·42
North-W. P. and Oudh.	..	..	..	..	−11
Punjab	175,100	180,600	189,684	−3·04	−7·68
Central Provinces	409,000	375,500	337,932	+8·92	+21·03
Berar	89,797	..	154,258	..	−41·79

* For five years ending 1888-89.

The condition of the crop is variously stated. In Madras the following figures express the percentage of area in which the crop is reported to be—

Full.....	1·0	Middling.....	36·0
Average	15·5	Bad	47·5

In Bombay the condition of the crop is reported either fair or middling, except in Guzarat, where it is good. In the North-Western Provinces the crop was affected by the rains, which were exceptionally ill-distributed and ill-timed. The south-east districts of the Punjab suffered from want of rain : in the central districts the condition of the crops is said to be average, and in the north-western districts good. In the Central Provinces the rainfall has been irregular, with some damage to the crop from the excess or deficit except in the districts of Narsingpur and Wardha, where the fall was seasonable. The condition of the crops in Berar is said to be fairly good with a few local exceptions.

In Madras, except in three districts, the estimated outturn does not exceed half an average crop. From Bombay no estimate is reported. In the North-Western Provinces and Oudh the condition is put at 55 per cent. of a full crop. The crop in the Punjab will probably be larger than last year.

Of the Central Provinces it is said—

"In the districts of the Jabalpur division it is not far short of a full average crop ranging from 12 to 14 annas. In Narsinghpur a good average crop is expected ; in Hoshangabad and Nimar a 10-anna crop. In Wardha a bumper crop is anticipated, and in Nagpur it is fair."

In Berar the expected outturn is a 10-anna crop.

IN one of the Northern Departments of France, the secretary of the Mairie inscribed by error a birth on the register as that of a boy instead of a girl. This happened in the year 1870. The young girl grew up quite unconscious of her sex as civilly certified, and the proper officer put her name down amongst the list of capable young Frenchmen who may have to serve their country as conscripts in 1891. The list is always interesting to the parties concerned, and there were plenty of friends to explain her situation to the young girl. One would have expected the matter could not have proceeded further. But in France, when Dogberry is once written down an ass, it falls upon him affirmatively to prove his humanity. The girl had to appear before the civil tribunal at Dunkerque and to satisfy the court that though in the list of her country's soldiers, she was really only a girl.

KEMP & Co.'s EQUATORIAL HAIR DOUCHE imparts unspeakable comfort and a sense of refinement to the Toilet, refreshes the Brain, and counteracts the depressing influences of hot weather Per bottle, Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

COMPULSORY PRIMARY EDUCATION.

The *Rast Goftar* says:—The eagerness with which the progressive spirit of the age is caught by New India is exemplified in the address given by the Municipal Commissioners of Ahmedabad to Lord Harris. They expressed in it a desire for free and compulsory primary education and local option. Local option is not yet granted in England, and it is not many years since the Compulsory Education Act of Mr. Forster has been introduced in that country. It is too soon, therefore, to ask for its introduction in any part of India. Compulsory education would mean an amount of expenditure which we do not think that either Government or municipalities are able to defray, even if they were to combine their resources. Should rudimentary education be made compulsory in Ahmedabad, it would raise the expenditure on it in that town alone from Rs. 13,000 to Rs. 80,000. The Ahmedabad Municipality is not singular in making this proposal. Some members of the Poona Municipality, too, have been strongly in favour of compulsory education. Apart from the question of cost, such a measure would inflict hardship on the children of the very poor, who are obliged to earn their bread from an early age.

WELL-WISHERS OF INDIANS.

Says the *Kaiser-i-Hind* :—Native society in Bombay worthily discharged last week the duty which it owed to two such sympathetic and sincere well-wishers of Indians as Mr. Caine and Mr. Schwann. As to the former, it may be said that his sojourn in the city has been of a most useful character. He busied himself with the good work of furthering the cause of temperance ; and on his return in January next he would place the foundation of that work even on a broader basis by instituting student societies of temperance. Mr. and Mrs. Schwann visit India for the first time. Both have been well known for their extreme kindness to Indians in England. The generous hospitality which they extended to our Congress delegates in July last deserves the highest praise. Both husband and wife are keenly interested in the social and political condition of India.

The *Gujerati* remarks :—It is a most gratifying symptom of the increasing interest now manifested in England in Indian questions that every year members of Parliament are tempted to visit this country and acquaint themselves with its requirements by personal experience and observation. Although this year the number of cold-weather tourists is not so large as in 1889, it is not a little to our advantage to have amongst us such genuine and large-hearted friends of India as Messrs. Caine and Schwann.

SALARIES OF PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES.

The *Rast Goftar* observes :—The Corporation having set its face with vigorous determination against the proposal of Government to defray the cost of maintaining a fourth magistrate's court in Bombay, the Government have started another proposal to supply the want. The proposal is, in effect, to have another magistrate without any extra cost. Such a plan would be most acceptable but for the fact that the sum of Rs. 500 per month which must be provided for the additional magistrate, is proposed to be obtained by curtailing the salaries of the existing magisterial posts. The Finance Committee which went over the country to discover where they could possibly apply their shears, recommended a reduction in the Presidency Magistrates' salaries. As a general rule, we should be glad of any retrenchments that can be made in the emoluments of public servants without impairing the efficiency of the service. But agreeing with our contemporary of the *Bombay Gazette*, we doubt very much whether such good men as are required for the responsible duties of the magisterial bench of a town like Bombay can be attracted without decent emoluments. The magistrates must be such as to inspire the confidence of the lawyers who daily appear before them, of the parties who come to seek justice, and, in fact, of the public generally. They wield great powers, and the public have a right to expect that those who are entrusted with them are competent and capable men from whom there can be no danger of the liberty or reputation of innocent persons being jeopardized.

LORD HARRIS'S RECENT TOUR.

The *Indian Spectator* discourses :—It is not often that the Governor of a Presidency gets the chance of exchanging ideas on a variety of public questions with a number of public men in their own centres of activity, as Lord Harris has had during these few weeks in Gujarat and Kathiawar. The tour has proved much more than a passing ceremonial. In Gujarat the Municipal Commissioners stood before his Excellency on their best behaviour. But although wearing a holiday attire so far, the practical Bhai Sahibs missed no opportunity of airing a grievance or insinuating a request. Amid all the loyal demonstrations got up for the occasion Bhai Sahib had an eye to business. This is as it should be. Not a few of the Commissioners learnt more about public affairs during the fortnight, we think, than they could have in the course of a year if left to the usual procedure of our mofussil municipalities. The Governor met them everywhere in a cordial spirit, and where he could not concede, his Excellency did the next best thing—he put the requisitionists in the way of obtaining their wishes, explaining at the same time why Government could not possibly meet them. Lord Harris was, indeed, as frank as he was friendly. He realized the situation in time, thanks to the presence of his official guides, and knew how to adapt himself to it. So far the tour in Gujarat ought to prove a valuable stimulus to the progress of self-government, and His Excellency in Council ought to be prepared in future to handle any of the knotty questions of finance and conservancy that may be sent up for his final decision. In Kathiawar Lord Harris appears to have been equally at home. This is saying a good deal for a new Governor. Much of what he said before and after the long deferred investiture of H. H. the Nawab Sahib of Junaghar appears to us to have been appropriate, and dictated by practical good sense. The advice to the Rajkumars was of special value, as valuable in its way as the advice given to the agriculturists of Nariad.

The *Indu Prakash* remarks :—During the last two weeks His Excellency Lord Harris has been making his first acquaintance with Gujarat and Kathiawar. Whether in British India or in the Native States, His Excellency has had to cope with the inevitable addresses, and there has been also the usual amount of speech-making. An uncommon interest attaches to Lord Harris's present speeches as they contain, the first expression of his Lordship's opinion on the various topics of administration. His Lordship has spoken with remarkable freedom and candour, and in that respect there is a welcome departure from the usual conventionalities and fine nothings. At Surat, Nadiad, and Ahmadabad the municipalities greeted his Lordship with addresses of welcome and referred to their respective wants. His Lordship has made general promises of assistance not unaccompanied by warnings about the necessity of self-help. On two or three points the words of His Excellency betoken the thorough-going official. Lord Harris's observations on the Abkari question are still more objectionable. They are apt to be taken by those who may be so minded, as a distinct encouragement to drink.

MILITARY NEWS.

All regiments in India on the march at the time of the census must arrange to have their weekly halt on the 27th February 1891.

COLONEL W. LUCKHARDT, C. B, A. D. C, Bombay Staff Corps, Commissary-General, Bombay, will be transferred to the unemployed supernumerary list on the 12th December, on attaining 55 years of age.

Warrant officers promoted under the terms of the Royal Warrant of the 11th March 1882, and non-commissioned officers of the Indian unattached lists or serving with Sappers and Miners, are entitled to free passage by sea and rail when proceeding on or returning from furlough on medical certificate.

IN the Allahabad District Orders by Brigadier-General A. A. A. Kinloch, commanding the District, he desires that whistles should be worn on all parades by all those who by regulation are required to carry them and that when whistles are blown, that it should be done vigorously, so that everyone required to do so can hear them.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

TUE DAY NIGHT, NOVEMBER 25.

10 p.m.	76·9

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26.

6 a.m.	72·1
10 a.m.	78·7
2 p.m.	84·2
4 p.m.	83·3

POSTMISTRESSES in France have at last obtained the redress of a grievance from which they have suffered for many years. By old-established rule husbands of postmistresses were debarred from exercising a number of trades or professions. Indeed almost every position, official or otherwise, was closed to them, owing to an old prejudice originating in the theory that certain professions would offer temptations to the husband to tamper with the mails. The result of this was that many postmistresses were practically debarred from marrying. The Government, however, have now abolished all restriction on the choice of husbands by postmistresses with one exception. The only category now remaining on the index is that of police-officials.

THE HYDERABAD RACES.

THIRD DAY.

FIRST RACE.—"Fukhur Ool Mulk Plate." Value Rs. 1,000. Distance 1 mile.

Aga Janis ch. a. p. Shanghai, 8st 3lb (Kandall) ... w. o.

SECOND RACE.—"The Volunteer Purse. Value Rs. 500. Distance ½ mile.

The Golconda Confederacy's gr. c-b. p. Buffalo Bill, 10st 9lb (Mr Arbuthnot) 1

Mr Woolmer and Mr Hervey's d. c-b. p. Balootra, 10st 7lb (Mr Woolmer) 2

Also ran :—Sheanikaran 11st 2lb ; Safe Cure, 9st 13lb ; and Postboy 9st 7lb.

Won easily by four lengths. Time—55 secs.

THIRD RACE.—"The Fukhur Ool Mulk Novelty Stakes." Value Rs. 600. Distance 7 furlongs.

Aga Jan's ch. a. p. Shanghai, 9st 8lb (Ryder) 1

Mr Farmer's gr. a. p. Velour, 7st 9lb (Gibbs)..... 2

Mr Hervey's Schoolboy, 6st 12lb (Ahmed) 3

Also ran :—Muckbool, 1st 10lb ; Plucky Boy, 7st 12lb ; and Aumer, 6st 9lb.

Won by three lengths. Time—1 min. 26 secs.

FOURTH RACE.—"The Champion Pony Race." Value Rs. 3,000. Distance ¼ mile.

Mr. Farmer's b. c.-b. p. Mite 6st. 21b. (Ahmed)..... 1

Mr. Desaraj Ur.'s b. aus. p. Parakeretu, 8st. 8lb. (Gibbs) 2

Aga Jungee Shah's b. a. p. Success, 8st. 12lb. (W. Greenhalgh)..... 3

Also ran :—Saldan 7st. 8lb. ; Young Bulbul 7st. 4lb.

Mite led from start to finish, winning easily by five lengths. Time—1 min. 24 secs.

FIFTH RACE.—"The Hyderabad Club Cup." Value Rs. 1,000. Distance R. C.

Mr. Hyde's Vendetta 8st. 7lb. (Kendall) ... w. o.

SIXTH RACE.—"The Hyderabad Gold Cup." Value Rs. 2,500. Distance 2 miles.

Mr. Woolmer's br. aus. g. Moab, 9st. 11lb. (Owner), 1

Mr. Dignums br. aus. g. Jolimont 9st. 4lb. (Ryder) ... 2

Mr. Desaraj Ur.'s br. aus. g. Trafalgar, 9st. 8lb. (Gibbs) 3

Also ran :—Bulwark, 8st. 11lb. ; Minihaha 8st. 2lb. ; Minden 6st. 10lb.

Moab won by any amount of lengths. Time—3 mins. 41 secs.

SEVENTH RACE.—"The Mulkapett Flutter." Value Rs. 600. Distance 1 mile.

Mr. Desaraj Ur's b. a.h. Amnesty, 8st. 6lb. (Gibbs) ... 1

Major Afsur Jung's Boatman, 8st. 12lb (Kendall) ... 2

Mr. Hyde's ch. a. h. Vendetta, 8st. (Kellick) 3

Also ran :—Namdar, 8st. 10lb. ; Patna 8st. 6lb. ; Victoria 6st. 4llb.

Won by a head. Time—1 min. 57 secs.

MESSRS. DILLON AND O'BRIEN AT NEW YORK.

THE French Transatlantic Company's steamer La Champagne, with Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien, arrived off New York on Sunday morning 12th inst. A delegation of about a hundred prominent Irishmen, representing twenty-two Irish societies and Irish county organisations, proceeded on board a tug to meet the steamer in the bay, the delegation being headed by General O'Brien, who had charge of the reception arrangements. Mr. O'Brien was the first passenger recognised when the steamer was near enough for those on deck to be distinguished, and the people on board the tug immediately raised a cheer, to which Mr. O'Brien responded by waving his hat. Mr. Sullivan then appeared at the side, and he was also vociferously cheered. At this point the passengers on deck of the La Champagne crowded to the port side in such numbers that the officers of the vessel were compelled to order them back. General O'Brien, followed by nearly all the gentlemen on the tug, then boarded the steamer, and were formally received by Mr. O'Brien and the other member of Parliament accompanying him, who are all in excellent health. Mr. O'Brien, in a speech, declared that the successes gained by the Home Rule party at by-elections were a fair indication of the feeling of the Birtish public. He believed that the Tories would be forced to dissolve Parliament sooner than was anticipated. The Government, he declared, were taking no proper measures for the relief of the famine-stricken district in Ireland. They at first denied the existance of deep distress, but now admitted it by proposing measures for its relief. Mr. Balfour's object was to strain the Tenant's Defence Fund until it broke. Messrs. Hill and Grant and a number of prominent Irish men presented the delegates with an address of cordial welcome, describing them as envoys of a gallant people involved in a noble struggle, which found a responsive chord in the hearts of Americans. We realise, says the address, that famine again joins her forces with those of the ancient and relentless enemy of your country and race, and we extend to your our warm friendship. We believe in Home Rule for Ireland, which is the only means of ending discord and conducing to the Union. We invite you to the broadest hospitality to which your mission and your cause entitle you. We promise you financial support. Mr. Dillon in conversation on Sunday night, declared that if the tenants in the congested districts of Ireland were compelled to pay rent this autumn it would mean starvation and death before Christmas. If rent were remitted it would enable them to pull along until spring. There was food enough in Ireland for twice the number of inhabitants, if they were only allowed to have it. It would there, be unwise for America to send aid in the form of money, food, or clothing just at this juncture. Should help be sent, the Tories would, he said, exact the rents from the existing resources of the people, and starvation would probably prevented, thus enabling the Tories to declare there never was any danger of famine. Mr. Dillon hoped America would delay her offerings until England had declared her police. Then if rents were remitted there would be no need for aid.

GENERAL BOOTH'S SCHEME.

THE Ven. Archdeacon Farrar has addressed the following letter to General Booth :—

Dear General Booth,—I have read with deep interest your suggestion of a systematic effort to deal with the mass of misery which exists in our great cities. So far as I am aware no scheme of the same magnitude has over been proposed. I heartily wish that such an effort had originated in my own Church, but in the absence of any other plan I think it is a duty to help to the utmost of my power. Early next year I hope to be able to send you 50*l*. I trust that courage and wisdom may be given you, and that you may be enabled to grapple effectually with an immense an terrible problem.—Yours very sincerely,

F. W. FARRAR.

17 Dean's Yard, Westminster, Oct. 30.

General Booth has received the following letter from Cardinal Manning :—

Archbishop's House,
Westminster, S. W., Oct. 30, 1890.

Dear General Booth,—The gift of your book and your letter has just reached me, and I lose no time in thanking you for it. I have already sufficient knowledge of its contents to say at once how fully it commands my sympathy. Your comments on modern political economy, poor law administration, Government statistics, and official inquiries are to the letter what I have said in private and in public for years. This is both superficial and unreal. You have gone down into the depths. Every living soul cost the most precious blood, and we ought to save it, even the worthless and the worst. After the Trafalgar Square miseries I wrote a "Pleading for the worthless, which probably you never saw. It would show you how completely my heart is in your book. No doubt you remember the poor laws of Queen Elizabeth compelled parishes to provide work for the able-bodied and unemployed, and to lay in stores of raw material for work. The modern political economists denounce the giving of work even in winter, and to honest and true men out of work, as alms and as demoralising. I hold that every man has a right to bread or to work. These modern economists say society must adjust the demand and supply of labour until all are employed. I have asked. "How many years are required for this absorption ; and how many weeks or days will starve honest men and their children? To this I have never got an answer.—Believe me, yours very faithfully,

HENRY E. Cardinal Archbishop.

AT noon on the 30th ult. says a Vienna Correspondent some thousands of people were assembled on the Stefansplatz, all looking anxiously upward to the great tower of the cathedral from which a man was hanging by a rope about fifty feet long. It

SPORTING NOTES.

SOME time ago a New Zealand "sport" bought an expensive yearling out of Florence M'Carthy, and just as he began to congratulate himself on the prospective value of the animal his purchase fell over a precipice and broke its neck. Then he brought the next yearling out of the same mare, and this costly animal turned a somersault in the paddock and broke its back. After this the speculator grew tired, and concluded that the particular family of horses in question was too much given to calisthenics to be profitable, so he looked on while his particular enemy purchased the next colt which came into the market and smiled a cynical smile as he thought of the consequences. Only the third animal did not break its neck, and last season it started in 11 races and won them all, and now every time he sees it the maddened speculator opens his mouth wide, and lets his impressions explode.

Theophilus has run four times at Liverpool, and on each occasion he has proved successful. In 1888 he won the Knowsley Nursery Stakes, at the Autumn Meeting; and in 1889 he won the Union Jack Stakes, at the Spring Meeting; the St. George Stakes, at the July Meeting; and the Bickerstaffe Stakes, at the Autumn Meeting.

Archie Sinclair, the well-known ex-amateur champion walker, has backed himself to walk one mile, run one mile, and ride one mile inside 19 minutes, the backer of time laying £30 to £20 against the pedestrain. The match to take place (any day) on or before 15 Dec. by giving (in writing) 48 hours' notice to the stake-holder and referee, and Sinclair is to have choice of track, which must not be less than three laps to the mile.

The Liverpool Autumn Cup is only about half as old as the Summer Cup. The Autumn Cup has been generally carried off by three or four olds, the former predominating. Three year olds have been successful upon 16 occasions, four 11 times, and five year olds five, whilst a six year old and an aged horse have each been successful.

Alphabetical hunters after the winner will turn to Mortaigne, as five horses whose names commence with M have been successful in the race, S's upon occasions, L's three, and T's twice. Special Licence won the Liverpool Autumn Cup in 1857 and 1858, but no other animal has been twice successful.

The Prince of Wales has consented to become a patron of the Newmarket Stablemen's Institute and Free Reading and Recreation Rooms, and Sir Dighton Probyn has sent £5 5s. to Mr. Thomas J. Moaksom, the hon. treasurer, as a donation from his Royal Highness to its funds.

One of the ridiculous assertions which have lately appeared respecting Baron Hirsch is to the effect that the millionaire Semite may be elevated to the English peerage. Such an utterly ignorant and senseless statement scarcely needs contradiction.

Little Dick Chaloner rode a strong finish on Eider, but every ounce was out of her 50 yards from home, and Magistrate just got his head in front in the last stride. The contrast between the winner and the runner-up was most notable as they stood at the door of the weighing-room after the race. Magistrate is one of the biggest and finest horses in training, and stands well over 16 hands high, whilst Eider is merely a little light-framed pony, and resembles considerably the ever famous Harriet Laws.

The running of Vivid reminds one strongly of Quartus who did next to nothing prior to smothering Theophilus for a Nursery at Manchester, and who, it may be remarked, has done nothing since. It is no doubt "all right when you know 'em, but you've got to known 'em first."

Frank Arnull has not been long idle, as already, in addition to the older horses in Grandee, Sir Robert, and Redcliffe, he has some promising yearlings, though he would be pleased to act as trainer for any nobleman or gentleman, as he has as yet not sufficient to employ his naturally active mind and habits.

The present has been a good season for breeders of blood stock. Not the least noteworthy incident of the season was the unprecedented price of 1,800 guineas realised for a filly foal by St. Simon out of Morning Glory, which was far in excess of the price obtained by any youngster of that age at the sale of Lord Falmouth's mares and foals in 1884. No less surprising is the fact of the purchaser being a jockey whose name is not to be found amongst the few licensed by the Stewards of the Jockey Club to own racehorses, which is suggestive of the likelihood that the filly in question was brought as a speculation in the expectation of realising a remunerative profit when a yearling, at which age anything by St. Simon is so eagerly sought for.

I am told a gentleman rider offered £50 to have the mount on a well-known horse in a hunters' flat race the other day, but the offer was peremptorily declined.

In a recent trial Wishing Gate, ridden by Morgan, simply cantered away from Hayhoe's Nuska (Peake), Treason (Blake), and Galloping Queen (C. Loates), over the last mile and the furlongs of the two middle miles; and although not much can be said for the quality of those that were behind her, the daughter of Balfe or Tipthorpe and Bide-a-Wee is evidently in good form just now. She finished seventh for the Cambridgeshire, and could probably have been much nearer the winner had she been ridden clean out.

It is doubtful whether anything will go from headquarters for the Liverpool Hurdle Race, as though Benburb, Lown, Promoter, and Regalis are amongst the entries, only the first-named has had any practice over the sticks since last spring; and granting the Duke of Beaufort's horse is well and tolerably fit, he has not been sharpened up as if business were really meant, whilst the other are even more backward.

With *Baily* for November is given a splendid portrait of Lord Randolph Churchill. His first appearance as a racing man was sudden and somewhat dramatic. It was on a summer day in 1885 that a more than usually distinguished gathering surrounded the salering at Marden-park, where Mr. Tattersall was disposing of Mr. Hume Webster's yearlings. Among the many drags present was that of Lord Londonderry, who had by his side his cousin, Lord Randolph Churchill. A well-known name and an equally well-known face by that time, there were yet some inquiries among the crowd of spectators as to the identity of the youthful-looking figure seated by Lord Londonderry, and when curiosity was satisfied, and Lord Randolph began to bid many and various were the comments on all sides. For it was a memorable time.

On the previous day Mr. Gladstone's Government had suffered defeat, and the breaking up of his Ministry, it was generally thought could not be a matter of indifference to the man who had made such a decided mark in political life, and whose strong individuality had stamped him as among the foremost politicians of the time. But here he was, in the midst of a great political crisis, apparently absorbed in the contemplation of thoroughbred stock, and thinking more of the two fillies he bought, in partnership with Lord Londonderry—and which turned out worthless—than of the probable consequences of the adverse vote he had contributed to bring about.

In the following year Lord Randolph bought two more fillies, Arqua, by Petrarch, and Velleda, a daughter of Robert the Devil. Trained by Gilbert, the former was worthless and the latter unlucky. It was in 1887 that Lord Randolph, who had previously trained with George Dawson, and afterwards with Gilbert, went to Robert Sherwood, and in the Leger week of that year was fortunate enough to light on a yearling that altered the ill-luck hitherto attending his colors. In partnership with Lord Dunraven, he bought L'Abbesse de Jouarre for 300 guineas, and St. Serge for 500 guineas, and he has done well since in the game, thanks to the friendship he made with Colonel North.

The Hon. Francis Lawley, in an article on "Touts and Tipsters," says:—Perhaps the two most astute writers upon coming races that ever sent their contributions to London newspapers were the late Mr. Jeremiah Roberts Ives and Mr. Frank Clarke. The former started life, after graduating at Cambridge, with £100 a year, and, dying in middle age, left £10,000 a year behind him. From 1836 till 1844 he contributed sporting letters to the *Morning Post* above the signature of "Judex." The latter, Mr. Frank Clarke, a man of singular intelligence, had received an excellent education, and figured as the prophet of *Bell's Life* in the best days of that journal, subscribing his letters with the signature of "Pegasus." It is satisfactory, however, to add that never were the daily and weekly papers served by more honest, well-intentioned, and straightforward contributors of this kind than they are at the present moment.

NOTICES.

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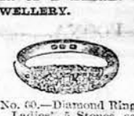

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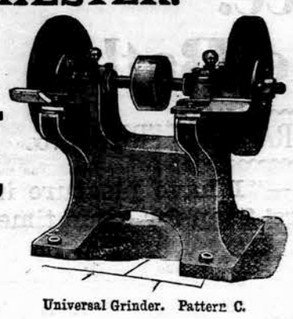

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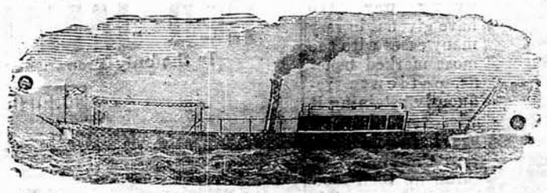

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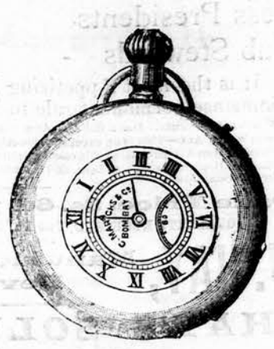

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